



EASY ENGLISH GRAMMAR



6

Teacher's Manual

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CONTENTS

Easy English Grammar-6	3-58
Easy English Grammar-7	60-103
Easy English Grammar-8	105-150



Vidyalaya Prakashan

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Sales Office

C-24, Jwala Nagar, Transport Nagar, Meerut-250002
Ph. : 0121-2400630, 8899271392

Head Office

A-102 Chander Vihar, Delhi-110092
e-mail : vidyalayaprakashan@yahoo.in



The Sentence

Exercise for Practice

A. Write the type against the following sentences :

1. Affirmative sentence
2. Negative sentence (Assertive)
3. Affirmative sentence
4. Imperative sentence
5. Imperative sentence
6. Interrogative sentence
7. Interrogative sentence
8. Optative sentence
9. Exclamatory sentence
10. Imperative sentence

B. Tick (✓) the right option :

1. (a) Assertive sentence
2. (b) Interrogative sentence
3. (a) Imperative sentence
4. (a) Wish is expressed



Subject and Predicate

Exercise for Practice

A. Pickout the subject and predicate parts in the following sentences :



1.	Subject Manish	Predicate loves eating apples
2.	Subject He	Predicate does not tell a lie
3.	Subject You	Predicate obey my order
4.	Subject Rani	Predicate has passed her exam with honour
5.	Subject You	Predicate did write a letter to your father.
6.	Subject The blue eyed girl	Predicate in the corner is brilliant
7.	Subject The Indian team	Predicate won the cup
8.	Subject The Statue of Unity	Predicate how high is
9.	Subject You	Predicate May live a luxurious life.
10.	Subject The weak and poor	Predicate don't insult
11.	Subject they	Predicate where are living now?

B. Complete the following sentences by using proper subject :

1. **Rima** works hard.
2. **He** does not tell a lie.
3. **Rabbit** live in burrows.
4. **Ram** ran away with riches.
5. **Man** proposes God disposes.
6. **Friends** have arrived in the hall.
7. **Grapes** are delicious to eat.
8. **Two and two** makes four.
9. **Neeraj** is a good Javelin thrower.
10. **Rani** lives in Varanasi.



C. Put the proper predicate parts in the following sentences:

1. My younger brother **is a good dancer**.
2. Dr. Gulathi **is famous doctor in our society**.
3. My parents **taught me good habits**.
4. They along with their family **went to Agra**.
5. The lion **lives in jungle**.
6. Dalai Lama **is a man of peace**.
7. His mother **cooks tasty food**.
8. You and your family **is invited to my birthday**.
9. Your elder brother **wants to buy a car**.
10. My grand parents **live in Mumbai**.

D. Match the subject with their predicates :

A		B	
1.	My father	(n)	enjoyed reading books.
2.	Bengalis	(o)	love to eat fish and rice.
3.	Vinesh Phogat	(h)	is a good wrestler.
4.	Narendra Modi	(j)	is the Prime-Minister of the India.
5.	Sunder	(l)	lives at Mussoorie
6.	Virat Kohli	(i)	had been the captain of the Indian cricket team.
7.	The children	(b)	are playing Kho-Kho.
8.	And old man with a stick	(d)	fell down.
9.	The teacher	(c)	taught me maths sums.
10.	He and his friends	(a)	takes interest in wild life.
11.	Vicky Kaushal	(e)	is a good film actor.

12.	Sunil	(g)	sang a beautiful song.
13.	Mohini	(k)	is studying in a medical college.
14.	My younger brother	(f)	went on a journey.
15.	Fruits and green vegetables	(m)	contain vitamins and minerals.



Parts of Speech

Exercise for Practice

Name of the parts of speech of every word in the following sentences:

1. Agra—Noun, is—Verb, big— Adjective, city—Noun
2. Suman— Noun, is —Verb, very—Adverb, lazy—Adjective
3. This— Pronoun, boy— Noun, is—Verb, clever—Adjective
4. Go—Verb, there—Pronoun, at—Preposition, once—Adverb
5. He—Pronoun, is— Verb, son— Noun, went—Verb, to—Preposition, Aligarh—Noun
6. Ravi— Noun, slept—verb, in—Preposition, the—Article, drawing room—Noun
7. You— Pronoun, did—Verb, your—Pronoun, best—Adverb
8. The—Article, girl—Noun, is—Verb, fond—Adjective, of—Preposition, singing—Verb
9. Come—verb, here— Adverb, quickly—Adverb
10. She—Pronoun, walks—Verb, very—Adverb, fast—Adverb
11. This—Pronoun, is—Verb, better—Adjective, than—Conjunction, that—Pronoun



12. Whose—Pronoun, book—Noun, is—Verb, this—Pronoun
13. The—Article, thief—Noun, is—Verb, in—Preposition, the—Article, police station—Noun
14. He—Pronoun, plays—Verb, everyday—Adverb
15. This—Pronoun, news—Noun, is—Verb, good—Adjective
16. He—Pronoun, ran—Verb, quickly—Adverb.



The Noun

Exercise for Practice

A. Pick out nouns and write their kinds in the following sentences :

1. Ruskin Bond—Proper noun, writer— Common noun
2. games— Common noun
3. Bravery—Abstract noun; Rustom— Proper noun
4. lie—Abstract noun
5. Honesty—Abstract noun; policy—Common noun
6. lion—Common noun; animals—Common noun
7. Vande Bharat , India—Proper noun; train— Common noun
8. Cow— Common noun; milk— Material noun
9. watch, steel— Material noun
10. farmer—Common noun; bundle— Collective noun

B. Choose the countable nouns and uncountable nouns from the following sentences:

	Countable Nouns	Uncountable Nouns
1.		Bread, butter, food



2.	Donkeys, loads, hill	
3.		Knowledge
4.	books	
5.		truth
6.		The Ganga, Yamuna, Prayagraj.
7.		Gold
8.	girl	class
9.	idea, career	
10.	The teacher	Maths, Science.

C. Underline common nouns in the following sentences:

1. A boy ran very fast.
2. She painted a very big poster.
3. A lion killed a deer.
4. The Mona Lisa is very famous painting.
5. His son topped NEET last year.

D. Fill in the appropriate collective nouns :

1. A **colony** of ants
2. A **pack** of dog
3. A **brood** on hens
4. A **grove** of trees
5. A **deck** of cards
6. A **suite** of rooms
7. An **basket** of fruits
8. A **crew** of sailors
9. A **flock** of birds
10. A **herd** of goats





Noun : Number

Exercise for Practice

A. Change the following singular nouns into plural nouns :

Singular	Plural	Singular	Plural
Ball	Balls	Lamp	Lamps
Cuckoo	Cuckoos	Guava	Guavas
Dish	Dishes	Kiss	Kisses
Factory	Factories	Wolf	Wolves

B. Change the following plural nouns into singular nouns:

Plural	Singular	Plural	Singular
Gangs	Gang	Doors	Door
Donkeys	Donkey	Horses	Horse
Buffaloes	Buffalo	Mosquitoes	Mosquito
Armies	Army	Enemies	Enemy
Loaves	Loaf	Griefs	Grief

C. Rewrite the following sentences after changing the coloured Nouns into their plural form besides making other necessary changes.

1. Black crows fly in the air.
2. She told me stories.
3. He has lost his books.
4. Mansi caught fishes.



5. You are honest boys.
6. These plums are sour.
7. My friends are brilliant.
8. The painters painted a painting.
9. The sheep are in the field.
10. The children are playing in the park.

D. Tick (✓) the correct plural form of the following words :

- | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|
| 1. (c) Children | 2. (b) Monkeys |
| 3. (b) Cattle | 4. (a) Brothers-in-law |
| 5. (d) None of these | 6. (c) Sheep |
| 7. (a) Trousers | 8. (c) Geese |



Noun : Gender

Exercise for Practice

A. Choose the gender of the noun given in the following sentences and write their kind :

	Masculine Gender	Feminine Gender	Common Gender	Neuter Gender
1.	Vardaan, boy			
2.				Prevention, cure
3.				Aeroplane, train
4.	Anil Kapoor, actor			
5.				Mind, knife

6.				Pen, sword
7.				fruit, Apple
8.				Water
9.	He, boy		family	
10.		Sonia, girl		class
11.	man			
12.			You	pen

B. Rewrite the following sentences by changing the gender of the coloured words :

1. Ram is a brilliant teacher.
2. Reena was in the fair.
3. The girls were cleaning the streets.
4. How many does are there in the field?
5. He has a beautiful watch.



The Pronoun

Exercise for Practice

A. Pick out pronouns and write their kinds in the following sentences:

	Pronouns	Name of the Pronoun
1.	He, her	Personal pronoun
2.	she	Personal pronoun
3.	Who these	Interrogative pronoun Demonstrative pronoun



4.	myself	Emphatic pronoun
5.	which mine	Relative pronoun Possessive pronoun
6.	whom	Relative pronoun
7.	Where she	Interrogative pronoun Personal pronoun
8.	themselves	Reflexive pronoun
9.	himself	Reflexive pronoun
10.	Nobody	Indefinite pronoun

B. Complete the following sentences by putting suitable pronouns in the blank spaces :

1. We saw the beggar **who** was begging.
2. **He** washes his clothes himself.
3. I do my work and she does **hers**.
4. The girl **which** you met is my daughter.
5. We sat under a tree and played in **its** shade.
6. **They** helped him during his poverty days.
7. **You** did this work yourself.
8. **This** is a watch.
9. **Few** of us live like kings.
10. **None** of them had done their work.

C. Underline the pronouns in the following paragraph and write their kinds :

Pronouns	Name of the Pronoun
he	Personal pronoun
anything	Indefinite pronoun

many	Indefinite pronoun
their	Possessive pronoun
he	Personal pronoun
that	Demonstrative pronoun
him	Personal pronoun
Sometime	Indefinite pronoun
he	Personal pronoun
all	Indefinite pronoun
They	Personal pronoun
all	Indefinite pronoun
none	Indefinite pronoun
Them	Personal pronoun
he	Personal pronoun

D. Fill in the blanks with suitable relative pronouns and reflexive pronouns :

1. This is the shirt **which** I bought yesterday.
2. Everybody dislikes the person **who** deceives.
3. The baby fell from the cradle and hurt **himself**.
4. Naren was angry with **himself** for mistakes.
5. Hari, who is **his** best friend, called by the teacher.
6. Soldiers are cooking their food **themselves**.
7. This is the room **that** my father built for me.
8. The girl **who** sang a sweet song was given prize.
9. The dog **that** is barking is mine.
10. I asked the richman to help **himself**.



The Adjective

Exercise for Practice

A. Choose the adjectives and write their kinds in the following sentences:

	Adjectives	Kinds of Adjective
1.	Which	Interrogative Adjective
2.	any	Adjective of Quantity
3.	His	Possessive Adjective
4.	little	Adjective of Quantity
5.	Which	Interrogative Adjective
6.	own	Possessive Adjective
7.	English	Adjective of Quality
8.	no	Adjective of Number
9.	wise	Adjective of Quality
10.	elder	Adjective of Quality

B. Make adjective from the following words adding-Suffixes-full, y, able, al :

Words	Adjective	Words	Adjective
taste	tasty	waste	wasteful
colour	colourful	nature	natural
critic	critical	nation	national
music	musical	instrument	instrumental
fatigue	fatigued	care	careful

cheer	cheerful	duty	dutiful
origin	original	chirp	chirpy
dirt	dirty	sense	senseful
grate	grateful	rain	rainy
beauty	beautiful	love	loveable
historic	historical	enjoy	enjoyable
air	airy	use	useful
severe	severely		

C. Fill in the blanks with the suitable adjectives:

1. We have **some** rupees in our bank accounts.
2. Dolphin is **friendly** aquatic animal.
3. **My** friend will come to stay in this lodge.
4. I have written **three** letters today.
5. There is **little** water in the jug.
6. Savita is a **beautiful** girl.
7. A **clever** girl lives near **his** house.
8. My mother does not like **cheesy** pizza.
9. The government have warned **many** marketers.
10. **These** paintings are not for sale.



Degrees of Adjective

Exercise for Practice

- A. Change the following positive degree into comparative and superlative degrees.**

Positive	Comparative	Superlative
Clever	cleverer	cleverest

Great	greater	greatest
Brave	braver	bravest
Noble	nobler	noblest
Happy	happier	happiest
Wealthy	wealthier	wealthiest
Sad	sadder	saddest
Big	bigger	biggest
Good	better	best
High	higher	highest

B. Change into positive degree and superlative degree :

Comparative Degree	Positive Degree	Superlative Degree
Kinder	kind	kindest
Deeper	deep	deepest
Larger	large	largest
Wiser	wise	wisest
Easier	easy	easiest
Merrier	merry	merriest



Articles

Exercise for Practice

A. Find articles in the following sentences :

1. He has a pretty dog.



2. She found **an** inkpot.
3. This is **the** watch you found yesterday.
4. She is writing **a** book.
5. My brother is **an** M.P.
6. **The** Taj Mahal is **a** historical building.
7. **The** book you want is in **the** library.
8. Himachal Pradesh is in **the** Himalayas.
9. His son is **an** honorary magistrate.
10. **The** villagers of this village are very hard working.

B. Fill in the blanks with suitable Articles :

1. He is **an** honest man.
2. **The** lion is the king of **the** forest.
3. My daughter is studying in **a** university.
4. Kavita is **an** M.L.A.
5. England is **a** European country.
6. English is a language of **the** English.
7. London is **the** biggest city in the world.
8. Shreya is **an** one eyed girl.
9. I caught him by **the** neck.
10. She works in **an** insurance company.
11. **The** Ramayana is a religious epic.
12. **The** black and white cow is grazing in the field.
13. We bought **a** very costly car.
14. He bought **an** umbrella from the shop.
15. Kindly give me **a** gold plated dial watch.
16. We visited **the** Qutub Minar last Saturday.

C. Correct the following sentences using suitable Articles:

1. I saw a parrot in the tree.
2. He studies in a University.

3. Red Fort is the historical building.
4. Cow is a useful animal.
5. The boys of this school are very mischevious.
6. She has an umbrella.
7. The donkey is a simple animal.
8. Man is mortal.
9. The Ganga is a holy river.
10. The Hindu is very popular newspaper.
11. My son is in the I.T. service of the USA.
12. The sun and moon shine in the sky.
13. Both father and son drowned in the flood water.
14. Dogs are faithful to their masters.
15. Truth lives forever.



The Verb

Exercise for Practice

A. Read the following sentences and choose the verb and write their kinds :

1. playing —finite verb
2. is —Auxilliary verb
3. speaks—transitive verb
4. does—auxilliary verb
5. running—finite verb
6. ran—transitive verb
7. has—auxilliary verb
8. had— auxilliary verb
9. must— modal auxillilaries



10. have—auxilliary verb
11. give—ditransitive verb
12. do—auxilliary verb
13. did—auxilliary verb
14. to worry—nonfinite verb
15. does—auxilliary verb
16. ought—modal auxilliaries
17. surmming—finite verb
18. gave—ditransitive
19. would—modal auxilliaries
20. is—incomplete verb

B. Fill in the blanks with appropriate Auxiliary verbs selecting from the brackets given against the following sentences:

1. He **have** two flats in Delhi.
2. She **does** not tell a lie.
3. Where **is** your son living these days?
4. The servant **did** not come late yesterday.
5. **Are** you weeping for your lost purse?
6. Who **is** calling you?
7. **Have** you ever been to Mumbai?
8. I **am** waiting for you here.
9. You **have** done it.
10. She **does** not help her brother.



Forms of the Verb

Exercise for Practice

A. Fill in the blanks with the verbs as directed in the brackets in the following sentences:



1. She does not **write** a letter.
2. Kanchan **gave** me a beautiful gift.
3. Rahim has **passed** class V.
4. The Yamuna **flows** through Delhi.
5. He **bought** a car last year.
6. You **did** your work properly.
7. The teacher has **left** the class.
8. Dhoni **plays** well in the match.
9. The boy **jumped** over the wall.
10. My mother is **cooking** the food.

B. Complete the following :

Present	Past	Past Participle
bear	bore	born
find	found	found
drink	drank	drunk
get	got	gotten
beat	beat	beaten
buy	bought	bought
keep	kept	kept
send	sent	sent
say	said	said
fall	fell	fallen



Present Indefinite Tense

Exercise for Practice

A. Fill in the blanks with the verb of Simple Present Tense :

1. I **learn** my lesson.



2. We **go** to school.
3. They **go** out for a walk daily.
4. Birds **fly** in the sky.
5. She never **tells** a lie.
6. Our school **opens** at 7 :00 a.m. these days.
7. One kilo potatoes **cost** twenty rupees.
8. This road does not **leads** to New Delhi.

B. Read the following paragraph and pick out the verb of simple present tense :

Surekha **is** my friend. She **reads** in my class. She **goes** to school in time. She **takes** interest in dance and music. She **is** an intelligent student and always **stands** first in her class. She **obeys** her teachers and elders. She **is** always cheerful. She never **tease** the poor and weak. I **like** her very much.

C. Change the following sentences as directed:

1. She does not write a letter.
2. He never speaks the truth.
3. Does Mr. Verma teach us grammar?
4. They beat the dog.
5. You play cricket.
6. We do not take interest in Maths.



Present Continuous Tense

Exercise for Practice

A. Fill in the blanks with verb of Present Continuous Tense :

1. My mother **is cooking** food in the kitchen.
2. The teacher **is writing** on the black-board.



3. Birds **are flying** in the sky.
4. The boy **is running** in the field.
5. I **am not learning** my lesson.
6. The priest **is not offering** prayer to God.
7. The tortoise **is walking** continuously towards the point.
8. A meeting **is going** on in the hall.
9. Where **are** they **living** these days?
10. Children **are not making** a noise in the class.

B. Using the following verbs in Present Continuous Tense sentences :

1. take : He is taking his goat to graze.
2. go : He is going to sleep.
3. leave : The train is leaving the station.
4. cut : Rima is cutting her cake.
5. sell : He is selling vegetables.
6. call : He is calling his friend.
7. read : Sita is reading a novel.
8. tell : Ram is telling a story.
9. buy : She is buying grocery.
10. ring : The postman is ringing the bell.

C. Change the following sentences into Present Continuous Tense :

1. The boy is playing cricket.
2. My uncle is teaching me Grammar.
3. He is telling a lie.
4. Raghu and his friends is helping the beggars.
5. The hunter is killing the maneater.
6. Madhu is eating sweet fruits.
7. The farmer is ploughing the fields.

8. The dog is not barking at the master.
9. Ankita is teaching us Maths and Science.
10. Children is laughing at the mad man.



Present Perfect Tense

Exercise for Practice

A. Fill in the blanks the the suitable verb forms in the following sentences:

1. He has **bought** four cars so far.
2. Have you ever **been** to London.
3. Guests have not **arrived** yet.
4. Reena has not **left** for Mumbai.
5. My father has **left** his job.
6. Who has **stolen** my ring?
7. Have you **reached** there in time?
8. The servant has not **brought** vegetables yet.
9. Have I not **seen** this picture before?
10. Mayank has not **come** here before.

B. Change the following sentences into Present Perfect Tense :

1. You have given me a gift.
2. They have lived a luxurious life.
3. My mother has cooked the food.
4. Rahul has bought a pen.
5. She has not told a lie.
6. They have not helped me.
7. Have you played hockey?
8. Who have written those letters?



9. Mother has cooked food for us.

10. He has gone to Kolkata.



Present Perfect Continuous Tense

Exercise for Practice

A. Fill in the blanks with Present Perfect Continuous form of verb :

1. The gardener **has been watering** plants in the garden since morning.
2. The tea vendor **has been selling** tea in the compartment for an hour.
3. My mother **has been cooking** lunch for an hour.
4. Which movie **have been showing** in delight cinema hall for a month?
5. I **have not been waiting** for you since 5 p.m.
6. Virat and Dhoni **have been playing** well for half an hour.
7. Where **have you been living** in this city since February?
8. The farmer **has been ploughing** the field for two days.
9. The tiger **has been running** after the deer for eight minutes.
10. People **have not been purchasing** old I-Phone for the last two months.

B. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets :

1. The boy has not been working hard for three days.
2. She has been singing for ten minutes.
3. Have I been searching my i-phone since 8 o'clock?
4. My brother has not been reading new novel for two days.



5. His sons have been living in America since 2023.
6. It has been raining since morning.
7. His son has been running his business for a year.
8. Have they been living here since Monday?
9. You have been doing your work for an hour.
10. All the people have not been worshipping God for a long time.



Past Indefinite Tense (Simple Past Tense)

Exercise for Practice

A. Fill in the blanks with suitable form of the verb given in brackets :

1. Mahendra Dhoni **played** well in the match.
2. You did not **accepted** my gift.
3. Where did not she **went** from school?
4. Did this boy **learned** his lesson yesterday?
5. He **jumped** very high over the wall.
6. Karan **passed** the admission test with honour.
7. Meera **loved** lord Krishna very much.
8. Did the government not **helped** the farmers?
9. Why did the washerman not **washed** our clothes?
10. The peon **rang** the first bell.

B. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets :

1. The students did not appear in the test.
2. Mohan scored high.
3. You played hockey last month.
4. I did not delivered a speech on the stage yesterday.



5. The fox ate grapes.
6. India did not launch a missile last year.
7. Birds bathed in the rain.
8. She went to London.
9. Did the teacher not teach us maths yesterday?
10. We bought mangoes from the shop.

C. Read the following paragraph and fill in the blanks with suitable words (verbs) selecting from the list given here under :

Once upon a time there **was** a swan who used to spend time in various playful activities on a lake. Once an owl **saw** him in the forest and wished to be friend. He **asked** the swan. The swan **agreed** to be friend with him. They **began** to spend time near the lake. But the owl soon got bored of the lake and **told** the swan that he was going back to his home in the Lotus wood.



Past Continuous Tense (Past Progressive Tense)

Exercise for Practice

A. Fill in the blanks the verb form of Past Continuous Tense given in the brackets :

1. Students **were solving** the sums of maths.
2. I **was suffering** from fever yesterday.
3. Boys of bad company **were smoking** in the park.
4. The bus **was running** very fast on the road.
5. Few old men **were sitting** in the park.
6. The trains **were running** late.
7. The dead cow **was laying** on the road.
8. Komal **was** not **singing** a sweet song.



9. Was he **laughing** at the beggar?
10. Where **were** you **going** last night?

B. Change the following sentences into Negative :

1. The garden was not plucking flowers.
2. You were not completing your work.
3. Rajni was not speaking the truth.
4. My mother was not cooking the food.
5. Our Prime-Minister was not visiting the zoo.
6. The farmer was not ploughing the field.
7. Gurmeet Singh was not working in the army.
8. Why you were not relying upon him?
9. Were you not playing chess yesterday at this time?
10. What they were not doing yesterday?

C. Change the following as directed in the bracket :

1. Were you writing a letter?
2. We were talking in the class yesterday.
3. He was telling a lie.
4. Was Hari speaking the truth?
5. Was she giving me a gift?
6. Was the bird caring its birdies?
7. The girl was laughing at the old man.
8. Were my servants doing their work?
9. The doctor was doing operation.
10. Were Sunita and her sister talking to them?



Past Perfect Tense

Exercise for Practice

- A. Fill in the blanks with correct form of verbs given in the brackets :**



1. We **had reached** the home before it rained.
2. I **had gone** to office when the boss saw me.
3. He **had not completed** his work before night.
4. Had she **taken** her breakfast before 7 am?
5. The sun **had risen** before we reached home.
6. All the shops of the market **had closed** by 9 O'clock.
7. Had mother **cooked** the food?
8. Shivani **had not completed** her homework.

B. Change as directed in the brackets :

1. Leela had not behaved well in the party.
2. Had the police not arrested the thieves?
3. All the students had not passed the test.
4. The sweeper had swept the road.
5. The doctor had not come before the patient died.
6. Had father left home before the sun rose?
7. Kamil had killed the snake when he saw it.
8. Meera had not worshipped Krishna before the sun rose.
9. My maid had come before I went to office.



Past Perfect Continuous Tense

Exercise for Practice

A. Fill in the blanks with correct form of verbs given in the brackets :

1. The postman **had been delivering** letters since 11 O'clock.
2. Lion **had been walking** up and down in the cage for half an hour.



3. Kamya **had not been playing** chess since 2023.
4. Had Manav **been playing** cricket for three weeks.
5. The Vande Bharat **had been running** late for two hours.
6. Gagan **had been reading** the newspaper of English for an hour.
7. Who **had been preparing** for the exam since yesterday?
8. Ukrain and Russia **had been fighting** with each other since 2022.
9. Who **had not been** waiting for me since 7 O' clock?

B. Change the following sentences into Past Perfect Continuous Tense :

1. They had been waiting for me since morning.
2. Girish had been speaking to his brother for five minutes.
3. Mother had been cooking food since hours.
4. I had been writing a book since morning.
5. Father had been working in a factory for two years.
6. She had been living here for three months.
7. Who had been calling you since 8'O clock?
8. She had been running on the road for half an hour.
9. We had been working since morning.
10. Had we been buying mangoes for an hour?



Future Indefinite Tense (Simple Future Tense)

Exercise for Practice

A. Fill in the blanks with the verbs of Simple Future Tense:

1. Indian team **will win** the test cricket match next year.
2. He **will go** to school tomorrow.



3. The hungry beggar will **take** money.
4. It **shall rain** heavily tomorrow.
5. Mother **will cook** pudding for us.
6. The gardener will not **pluck** flowers today.
7. Tomorrow **will be** a holiday due to a festival.
8. Father **will not give** money to me as I waste it.

B. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets :

1. Sneha will not play for the country.
2. Naresh Sharma will be our principal.
3. I shall attend the meeting tomorrow.
4. He will go to market next Sunday.
5. You will not start a new factory.
6. Will your servant go to field?
7. The boys will be in the class at the this time tomorrow?
8. We shall not do for you.



Future Continuous Tense

Exercise for Practice

A. Fill in the blanks with suitable verb form given in the brackets:

1. My grandfather will be **telling** me stories.
2. What will he be **doing** tomorrow?
3. Will the women be **singing** songs?
4. We shall not be **disobeying** our parents.
5. The carpenter will be **making** furniture next Sunday.
6. The peon will be **ringing** the bell.
7. I shall not be **talking** to my friend.



8. Shall we not be **hearing** the song sung by Sonu Nigam?

B. Correct the following sentences :

1. He will be beating the thief.
2. They will not be eating lunch this time tomorrow.
3. Hari will be taking test of his brother.
4. We will not be writing an essay.
5. The farmers will not be ploughing their fields.
6. Mona shall not be speaking the truth.
7. My mother shall be bathing in the river.
8. Girls will be bathing in the pool.



Future Perfect Tense

Exercise for Practice

A. Fill in the blanks with the verb given in the brackets :

1. They will have **left** drinking.
2. His sister will have **cooked** the food.
3. Will she have **read** the book by next Monday.
4. I shall have **bought** a car.
5. He will have **gone** to school before noon.
6. You will have **finished** your work before I come.
7. We shall have **reached** our school by 8 o'clock.
8. He will have **completed** his homework before his father sleeps.
9. Will my father have **reached** here before 5 o'clock?
10. Who will have **helped** you?

B. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets :

1. You will have written a novel.

2. I shall not have purchased my books.
3. Kavita will not have learnt her lesson.
4. Will the gardener not have plucked flowers?
5. The officer will not have visited the accident spot.
6. The doctor will have attended the patient?
7. Passengers will not have reached the platform.
8. You will have seen the Taj Mahal before.
9. I shall have learnt my lesson.
10. The washerman will not have washed our clothes.



Future Perfect Continuous Tense

Exercise for Practice

A. Fill in the blanks with correct form of the verbs given in the bracket:

1. His son **will have been teaching** in this college since 2022.
2. The washerman **will have been washing** our clothes since tomorrow.
3. Rohit Sharma and Virat Kohli **will have been playing** well for half an hour.
4. The carpenter **will have been making** table for two hours.
5. Boys **will have been flying** kites since morning.
6. Will they **have been helping** us with money for a long time.
7. The teachers **will have been teaching** us Maths since tomorrow.
8. John **will not have been speaking** English for two years.



9. Juhi and Soni **will have been studying** in this college for the last two years.
10. Who **will have been calling** you for five minutes?

B. Change the following into Future Perfect Continuous Tense:

1. Sunil will have been doing his work.
2. I will have been living here since 2021.
3. Kanika will have been cooking lunch since 7 o'clock.
4. Birds will have been flying in the sky.
5. The teacher will have been teaching us history.
6. I shall not have been reading a novel for five days.
7. The train will not have been running late for an hour.
8. Shall we have been waiting for you?
9. Who will have been calling you?
10. Why will you have been wasting your time?



Question Tags

Exercise for Practice

❖ **Add suitable question tags to the following sentences :**

1. I didn't take my lunch, did I?
2. Passengers bought tickets, didn't they?
3. We like to drink milk, don't we?
4. She is not a clever lady, is she?
5. The tortoise won the race, didn't it?
6. I do not like to be a doctor, do I?
7. The farmer always work hard, don't they?
8. Those students don't learn their lesson, do they?
9. We shouldn't waste our time, should we?

10. They take bath in the early morning, don't they?
11. He has not bought a car, has he?
12. You mustn't disobey your elders, must you?
13. Monika doesn't live here, does she?
14. I shall go with you, shan't I?
15. We saw the Dangal movie, didn't we?



The Adverb

Exercise for Practice

A. Fill in the blanks with suitable adverbs :

1. **Where** does he live in Lucknow?
2. She could not find his mobile phone **anywhere**.
3. There is man **inside** my house.
4. Our army fought **bravely**.
5. I do not know **why** he did not come today
6. It rained heavily **last** night.
7. We have **almost** completed our homework.
8. The Hindustan Times is delivered **everyday**.

B. Read the following sentences and identify adverbs and write their kinds :

Adverb	Kinds of Adverb
1. already	Adverbs of Time
2. early	Adverbs of Time
3. often	Adverbs of frequency
4. well	Adverbs of Manner
5. soon	Adverbs of Time
6. fluently	Adverbs of Manner





The Preposition

Exercise for Practice

A. Fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions selecting from the brackets :

1. Priya lives **in** Sultanpuri New Delhi.
2. Ravana was killed **by** Ram.
3. We do not go **to** school daily.
4. The man killed a snake **with** stick.
5. He hid **behind** the tree.
6. I am fond **of** milk.
7. The cat jumped **into** the well.
8. The kite is flying **over** the park.
9. Divide this property **between** Ram and Shyam.
10. I am waiting **for** you at the station.
11. Wheat is sold **by** kilo.
12. She comes here **from** a nearby village.
13. He get up **at** dawn everyday.
14. The patient died **of** Cholera.
15. The teacher is **below** in rank of the Principal.

B. Fill in the blanks with suitable preposition :

1. Water boils **at** 100°C.
2. I was born **on** 4 July, 2018.
3. They do not go **to** their village daily.
4. The ox ran **after** Hari.
5. There is a hospital **in** our college.

6. He has a pen to write **with**.
7. Do not laugh **at** others.
8. Divide this money **among** the poor.
9. The monkey jumped **over** the wall.
10. Keep your books **in** your bag.
11. The fish lives **in** water.
12. He has done his work **on** Monday.
13. Mother is cooking lunch **for** us.
14. Please put the glass **on** the table.
15. The patient died **of** cancer.



The Conjunction

Exercise for Practice

A. Pick out the conjunction from the following sentences and write their kinds on the lines given below them :

Conjunction	Kind of Conjunction
1. and	Coordinate conjunction
2. or	Coordinate conjunction
3. but	Coordinate conjunction
4. because	Subordinate conjunction
5. where	Subordinate conjunction
6. before	Subordinate conjunction
7. so	Subordinate conjunction
8. so	Subordinate conjunction
9. Though	Subordinate conjunction
10. or	Coordinate conjunction



11. when Subordinate conjunction
12. why Subordinate conjunction

B. Combine the following sentences by using conjunction:

1. I was frightened when I heard a loud sound.
2. She will go to her village as has an urgent work there.
3. He seems to be happy as has no worry at all.
4. He is poor but honest.
5. As she stepped into the room, it began to rain.
6. He may come or he may not come.
7. I can't read this book because I do not know the script.
8. She could not cook any dish because there was no vegetable in the kitchen.
9. He worked hard so he stood first.
10. There was violent storm and the ship was wrecked.



The Interjection

Exercise for Practice

A. Put the suitable interjection in the following sentences:

1. **Alas!** I am ruined.
2. **Wow!** Devdatt, you have shot the beautiful swan?
3. **Oh!** you are here before me.
4. **Bravo!** we have scored very high.
5. **Hush!** Don't make a noise.
6. **How,** beautiful the rain is!





Punctuation and Use of Capital Letters

Exercise for Practice

A. Punctuate the following by using full stop (.), comma (,), question mark (?), mark of exclamation (!), inverted commas "....." and capital letters.

1. The teacher said, "I shall teach you Maths today."
2. Why is Sudha sleeping in the open?
3. African team won the match.
4. The beggar said, "I am hungry and thirsty".
5. When will you go to Meerut?
6. She said, "Please give me your pen".
7. The Bible, the Ramayana and the Gita are religious books.
8. Was I not in the class yesterday?
9. Brahma, Vishnu and Mahesh are three Hindu gods.
10. We saw tigers, leopards, giraffes and wolves in an Indian zoo.

B. Punctuate the following using Capital Letters and (?) :

1. Socrates lived in Athens Plato and Crito were his pupils.
Do you know about him?
2. What is being thought by you?
3. Will you go to school tomorrow?
4. Midas a famous king wished gold all the times.
5. I am going to Meerut to buy a cricket kit.
6. Have faith in the Almighty. Trust him always.
7. Sunil has visited Qutub Minar in Delhi many times.



8. Are you coming to school with Ravi?



Active and Passive Voice

Exercise for Practice

A. Change the following sentences into Passive voice :

1. Good news is brought by him daily.
2. A lie is told by them.
3. Your work is done by you.
4. Time is not wasted by me.
5. A sweet song is not sung by her.
6. Lesson was learnt by Rohan.
7. By whom are you taught grammar?
8. Why the lesson was not read by him.
9. Was car sold by you?
10. Are ghosts relied by you?
11. Will a letter be written by her?
12. By whom the cat will be belled?
13. Which pen will be bought by you for me?
14. She shall not be helped by me.
15. The flood channel will be crossed by me.

B. Change the following sentences into Passive voice :

1. A house is being built by Manoj.
2. Work is being done by Sunita.
3. Are kites flied by you in the sky?
4. What is being done by you here?
5. A novel was being written by John.
6. He was not being looked by his uncle.



7. What was being done by Sunil?
8. The door was not being knocked by her.
9. A story was being told to him by us.
10. Is a sweater being knitted by her?

C. Change the following into Passive voice:

1. He have been appointed as chairman by people.
2. A car has not been yet purchased by her.
3. The match have been won by them.
4. It have not been done till Monday by mother.
5. Shall a flat have been bought by me?
6. By whom will you have been helped?
7. Had a lie been told by me?
8. Why this had been told by you?
9. A hotel have been built in Dehradun by us.
10. Has his brother been called by him?



Direct-Indirect Speech

Exercise for Practice

A. Change the following into Indirect Speech :

1. He said that he had seen that bird somewhere.
2. Mother ordered the child to keep quiet.
3. He said that he was unwell.
4. Her mother asked her where she had put her bag.
5. The stranger asked me if I knew the price of the sugar that day.
6. His father ordered him not to do it again.
7. He asked me who I was.



8. The rabbit asked the tortoise if he would run with him.
9. The officer ordered the peon to be there till he returned.
10. He told me not to tease the poor.
11. His brother will tell him that they would not invite them for a party.
12. Father told his son to do as he said.
13. The tutor told the students that the next day would be a holiday.
14. Hari told Vasim that he had topped the test of successful students.
15. The old man asked if he was going on a long journey.



Antonyms and Synonyms

Exercise for Practice

A. Match the following words with their opposites :

(A)	(B)
Absent	Present
Benefit	Loss
Cheap	Costly
Dark	Light
Empty	Full
Famous	Unknown
Genuine	Fake

B. Write two synonyms for the following words:

Words	Synonyms words
Attach	connect, fix
Beautiful	fair, charming
Calm	gentle, quiet
Damage	harm, destruction
Eat	dine, consume
Famous	well known, popular
Grief	sorrow, misery
Hate	Dislike, abhor
Injure	harm, wound
Lazy	inactive, idle

C. Rewrite the following with opposite of highlighted words :

1. Each **girl** ate up the breakfast.
2. The carpenter made a **unattractive** chair and left happy.
3. The racer succeeded in her attempt to **lose** the event.
4. He will be **sad** if I help him.
5. We shall wait until the next train **departs**.
6. The man **deny** that he had committed the mistake.
7. When I **left** the station, the train left.
8. She will always **welcome** the time when she did this.



Words Often Confused

Exercise for Practice

A. Fill in the blanks with the suitable words:

1. A son was **dear** to her.
2. You should not **waste** your time.



3. My grand mother's **right** leg fractured.
4. A poor boy has **win** the trophy.
5. A **happy** man is always active.
6. There is no **heir** to my property.
7. This is the tenth **chapter** of this book.
8. I buy milk from a **dairy**.
9. This curd is not **sour**.
10. Mohan and Ravi fought a **battle**.
11. A **hare** run very fast.
12. The peon is **picking** the bundle.
13. Nobody likes a **naughty** boy.
14. I like to sleep on a soft **bed**.
15. Please enter by this **door**.

B. Make sentences with the given words to show difference between the meaning of the words :

1.	Check Cheque	I checked her notebook. He gave me a cheque for ₹1000
2.	Birth Bearth	Please tell me your date of birth. I have got a bearth reserved for me.
3.	Deer Dear	A deer runs very fast. Avika is my dear friend.
4.	Hare Heir	A hare runs very fast. He is the heir of the property.
5.	Meter Metre	Rahul checked the electric meter before paying the bill. The cloth is sold by the metre.
6.	Fair Fare	Shiddat is a very fair girl. The fare from Meerut to Delhi is ₹110.

7.	Pray Prey	Priya pray to God for help. The hunter went to the forest for prey.
8.	Right Write	This answer is right. She writes a letter to me.
9.	Sale Sail	This car is for sale. He sailed for China.
10.	Team Teem	The Indian team won the world cup. The pond teems with water.



Comprehension

Exercise for Practice

A. Read the following passages carefully and answer the questions that follow :

Answer :

1. The great advantage of early rising is the good start it gives us in our day's work.
2. In the early morning, the mind is fresh and there are few sounds or other distractions, so the work done at that time is generally well done.
3. He knows that he has plenty of time to do thoroughly all the work he can be expected to do, and is not tempted to hurry over any part of it.
4. He has a long interval of rest in the evening before the timely hour when he goes to bed. He gets to sleep several hours before midnight, at the time when sleep is most refreshing.
5. "The Early Riser".



B. Read the following passages carefully and answer the questions that follow :

Answer :

1. The servant was walking through the crowded market, a woman struck against him and nearly fell. When he turned to help her, he saw that it was Death and that she raised her hand and was about to lay it on him. The servant got nervous.
2. The servant was alone with her face to face for six long days and nights two years ago, when he had fever.
3. Death ultimately laid her hand on the servant in market at Baghdad.
4. The merchant lent the servant a horse, and watched him disappear along the road to the North in a cloud of dust. Then the merchant walked to the market and looked about until at last he saw a woman who was a stranger to him. He greeted her and asked her who she was.
5. Death was surprised to see servant in Baghdad because death arranged long ago to meet him so Samara.
6. The passage conveys the message of fate and destiny by convincing readers that the servant will die in Samara that night.

C. Read the following passages carefully and answer the questions that follow :

Answer :

1. Do yourself.
2. 'Olympics'
3. The Olympic Games start losing its importance as it was believed that they encouraged pagan worship in temples built to honour the Greek gods. It was

Theodosius-I who ordered the total destruction of the Olympia Sanctuary's temples and other structures in the year 394 AD, which ended the era of the ancient Olympic Games.

4. (i) Baron de Coubertion revived the Olympic Games in 1896.
 - ◆ These games were held every four years except during the two World Wars.
 - ◆ The International Olympic Committee (IOC) was constituted in 1894. It had 15 representatives including Coubertin.
 - ◆ The first Olympic medal was won by America's James Connolly in the triple jump.
 - ◆ The Marathon was the most important event.
- (ii) Olympia is a small village situated near the west coast of the Peloponnese peninsula of Greece.

It is noted for its archaeological ruins, which are related to the temples for worship of Greek gods and for the ancient Olympic stadium.

D. Read the following passages carefully and answer the questions that follow :

Answer :

1. Jack and his father went to Ropley to see and rent a cottage there, near Alresford.
2. The author and Jack were wearing ragged shirts and discarded garments because the more presentable ones were being packed by mother.
3. Do yourself.
4. (i) 'Adventurous Journey'
(ii) Jack had made the plate camera. This was only one of his many ingenious artefacts. He used this camera to take photographs.



Story Writing

Exercise for Practice

1. There were two close friends. They decided to go on a long journey by foot. They were excited. They started their journey and passed through a thick forest covered with big trees. The forest was the home of wild and dangerous animals. They saw bear coming towards them. One of the friend climbed on a tree and the other lies on the ground. The bear come closer to him and smells him. The man pretends to be dead so the bear didn't touch him and goes away. The man on the tree comes down and asked his friend "What did the bear say in your ear?" He replied "Never trust a selfish man."
2. Once a dog was carrying a piece of meat. One his way he saw a large stream flowing. It had a wooden bridge over it. While crossing the bridge, he saw his reflection in the water. He thought that there was another dog with a large piece of bone. He thought to get his piece also. So he started barking at his own reflection. As soon as, he opens his mouth to bark, his large piece of meat fell into the water.
3. Do yourself.
4. Do yourself.



Essay Writing

Exercise for Practice

1. My Hobby

Hobby is an activity which we do in our free time. Hobbies play a very important role in our lives. They relax our minds and make us happy. They bring us away from stress for some time and we just forget all our worries. They make our lives interesting and enjoyable.

Different people have different hobbies according to their taste, temperament and interest. Some of the hobbies are reading, gardening, stamp collecting, painting, cooking, photography, travelling etc.

My favourite hobby is drawing. I always enjoyed drawing when I have free time. It has been with me since my childhood when I used to make random pictures, portraits with colours randomly. I have painted over 20 portraits till now. Painting and drawing is something that make me feel calm and creative. I participate in various drawing competitions that are held in my school from time to time. I am extremely thankful for the skills that I always win rewards and applause from my teachers.

Having a hobby that we enjoy doing bring us peace and joy. For me it is drawing. I wish to pursue drawing for the rest of my life. My dream is to become a big artist.

2. A Journey By Train

A journey by train is among the most enjoyables journeys. I travel long distance quiet often and have travelled via buses,

trains as well as aeroplanes. While each of these journeys has its sets of benefits, I personally love train journey.

A journey by train is the best if you have enough time and have to travel long distance. This is the only means of transport that provide space to sleep and rest.

Last month I embarked with my family on a memorable journey by train from Meerut to Sikkim. The train station was bustling with activity and I was excited to see the landscape unfold before me.

We boarded the train, found our comfortable seats and watched as the station slowly faded into the distance. From my window seat. I marveled at the changing scenery. We passed lush green field rolling hills and charming villages.

During the journey, I had the opportunity to chat with some fellow passengers. We shared stories and laughter, making the trip enjoyable.

The train offered a variety of experiences. We enjoyed delicious snacks and meals from vendors who boarded the train at various stations.

As we approached the destination, a sense of anticipation filled the air.

The train journey had not only taken us to a new place but has also created lasting memories.

3. A Visit to A Place of Historical Importance

Do yourself.

4. A Cricket Match

Do yourself.

5. An Ideal Teacher

Do yourself.



Message Writing

Exercise for Practice

1. 4 p.m.

John

Kamal called up when you were not at home. He had booked your seat for Kolkata by Hawrah Mail for 10th October. Your seat number is 29 and coach no is S2. The train will leave at 8 : 50 a.m. and reach at 17 : 40 p.m.

Kamal will meet you at Nizamuddin Railway Station at 8 :10 sharp. Tickets are in his mobile.

Ishika

2. 10.a.m.

Purna

Kanta came home when you have gone to market. She wants you to know that there is a dance competition tomorrow. Do more rehearsals for it as many students are participating in it.

Lalita.



Paragraph Writing

Exercise for Practice

1. The Fair

This is the fair. There are many people at the fair. Children are enjoying rides at the fair. They have come with their



parents. The children are buying balloons and toys. The weather is very pleasant. Everyone is having fun. There are various stall of toys, bangles, jewellery and food. Children are enjoying eating chaat, few are busy buying toys and some are watching aeroplane flying over them.

All are enjoying very much.

2. Do yourself.
3. Do yourself.
4. Do yourself.

B.1. Morning Walking

A morning walk is an excellent way to begin your day offering numerous benefits for your physical and mental well being. Starting the day with a walk helps to wake up your body and mind, providing a bust of energy that can last throughout the days. The fresh air you breathe in during your walk rejuvenates you, making you feel more alert and ready for the day ahead. The peaceful morning environment helps reduce stress and improve your mood setting a positive tone for the rest of the day. Regular morning walks are beneficial for your health. It helps reducing risk of various diseases. Expose to morning sunlight helps your body produce vitamin D, which is crucial for strong bones and overall health. A morning walk can enhance your mental clarity and focus. It can lead to better sleep, improved mood and a stronger healthier body making it a valuable habit for balanced lifestyle.

2. Deforestation

Deforestation in cutting down a large number of trees and cleaning out forest areas. The various reason behind these human activities are increasing the space for human usage like logging or wood extractions, agricultural expansion, infrastructure expansion etc. Deforestation is harmful to the

environment because it causes a lot of carbon emissions and after the natural ecosystem. It also contributes to global warming and climate change because plants release the stored carbon into the atmosphere.

Deforestation is a severe problem and we must stop cutting down trees. Trees are destroyed to make way for urban development and cultivation of crops but may lead to destruction of inner peace.

3. Van Mahotsav

Van Mahotsav means the "Festival of Trees". Van Mahotsav is an annual tree planting movement in India, observed every year over a period of week starting from 1st July to 7th July. The movement was initiated in the year 1950 by Indian Union Minister of Agriculture. The declining of the number of trees has brought a major change in climate and many other serious environment issues. Million of the saplings are planted all across the India, in observation of the "Van Mahotsav Week : People celebrate Van Mahotsav by planting trees or saplings in homes, offices, schools and colleges etc. Promotion like, free circulation of plants and saplings are also taken up by various organizations and volunteers. The festival raises the awareness of trees among the people and highlights the need of planting of trees.

Van Mahotsav is the best way to prevent global warming, reduce pollution and save the environment.

4. Pollution

Pollution happens when harmful substances, called pollutants, are released into the environment, making it unsafe and unhealthy for living things.

Types of Pollution:

- ❖ **Air Pollution** : This occurs when harmful gases and particles, like smoke and dust, enter the air, making it difficult to breathe and causing respiratory problems.

- ❖ **Water Pollution** : This happens when chemicals, waste, and other pollutants contaminate water sources like rivers, lakes, and oceans, making them unsafe for drinking and swimming.
- ❖ **Land Pollution** : This occurs when trash, chemicals and other waste are dumped on the land, polluting the soil and making it difficult to grow crops.
- ❖ **Noise Pollution** : This is caused by loud, unpleasant noises that can damage our hearing and make it difficult to concentrate.

Cause of Pollution:

- ❖ **Industrial Activities** : Factories and other industries releases harmful chemicals and gases into the air and water.
- ❖ **Vehicle Emissions** : Cars, trucks, and other vehicles release pollutants into the air when they burn fuel.
- ❖ **Waste Disposal** : Improper disposal of garbage and other waste can pollute the land and water.
- ❖ **Deforestation** : Cutting down trees can lead to soil erosion and water pollution.

Effects of Pollution :

- ❖ **Health Problems** : Pollution can cause respiratory problems, skin diseases, and other health issues.
- ❖ **Environmental Damage** : Pollution can damage ecosystem, harm wildlife, and lead to climate change. Everyone must take effective measure to reduce pollution and make environment clean.

5. Do yourself.
6. Do yourself.
7. Do yourself.
8. Do yourself.



E-Mail Writing

Exercise for Practice

A.

From abc@gmail.com

To: xyz@gmail.com

Subject: Amount required

Dear Papa

My school is organizing a tour on coming Sunday. I want to join them. I required ₹ 5000 for it. So please transfer it through RTGS.

Love

abc

B.

From : Priya@gmail.com

To : Principalvidyalaya@gmail.com

Subject: Teasing complaint.

Dear Madam

I am new in your school. Some seniors are regularly teasing me.

Please take action against this.

Priya

VI-A

C. Do yourself.

D. Do yourself.

E. Do yourself.



Exercise for Practice

1.

C-4 Jwala Nagar

Meerut

15 March 20xx

My dear Priya

Hello! How are you? Hope you are enjoying good health. I would like to invite you to my place for two days. Kindly come and stay with us. Nauchandi fair is going in my city, Once you come there we would go around the fair and visit various stalls there. Besides this we will enjoy various rides and food together. I would be happy if you can spend two days with me.

Please confirm your arrival. Kindly pay my regards to uncle and love to young sister.

Your lovingly

Siya.

2. 456, Sunshine Road, Mumbai,

Maharashtra, India.

400001

April 10, 20xx

Dear Amit,

I hope this message finds you well. As you may already know, my birthday is coming up on April 20th, and my parents and I have decided to throw a grand party to celebrate this special occasion. We would be delighted if you could join us and all of our friends in this joyous celebration.

The party promises to be a fantastic experience with lots of delicious food and great company. Your presence would make the celebration even more memorable.

I look forward to seeing you at the party. Please let me know if you have any questions or if you need further information.

Best regards,

Your Friend

Yadav

3. Do yourself. 4. Do yourself.
5. Do yourself.
6. SMT High School,

SV Road,
Ghatkopar-400079
15 June 20xx

To

The Manager,
Kriva Sports House,
Dadar-400014

Sub-Placing an order for sports items.

Dear Sir,

I require the following games and sports material for our school.

1. 40 pairs of dumb-bells (medium size)
2. 55 lezims (medium size)
3. 20 hockey sticks and a dozen hockey balls.
4. 10 cricket bats and a dozen cricket balls.
5. 10 Badminton rackets and 20 shuttle cocks.

Please send me your catalogue. Kindly let me know whether you will offer any concession in price for schools. I assure you prompt payment if I place the order for the above items.

A prompt reply will be greatly appreciated.

Yours faithfully,



XYZ

Secretary,

School Gymnasium

7. 84, New Mandi Sectors

Saharanpur

16 March 20xx

The Police Superintendent

Saharanpur

Subject : Theft and chain snatching incidents

Dear sir,

I am writing to bring to your attention the alarming rise in incidents of theft and chain snatching in our area. Over the past few months several residents have fallen victim to these crimes, creating a sense of fear and insecurity among us.

For instance, few days before a neighbour was robbed of their gold chain in broad daylight and just last week another incident occurred where a person was targeted while walking home.

We urge you to take immediate action to address this issue, whether through increased patrolling or community awareness programs. We hope to see improvements soon for the safety of all residents.

Thank you for your attention.

Your faithfully

ABC

8. Do yourself.

9. Do yourself.

Exercise for Practice

1. To

The Principal

ABC School



Meerut

18 March 20xx

Respected sir,

I beg to say that I have to attend the marriage of my elder sister next week, so will be unable to attend school for 4 days i.e., 26 March 20xx to 30 March 20xx.

Kindly grant me four days leave.

I shall be highly obliged to you.

Thanking You

Your obediently

Riya VII-A

2. To

The Teacher

XYZ School

Delhi

22 March 20xx

Respected Madam

I am writing this letter to request you to please allow me to sit in the first row always as my eyesight is weak. Sitting at the back causes severe headache and strain in my eyes. I am unable to keep up with what is written on board and note anything down from board. My doctor has also advised me to sit in front and nearer to board. Therefore, considering my problem, I request you to please allow me to always sit in front.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully

Krishna VI-B

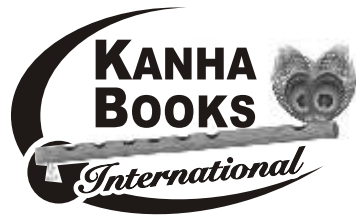
3. Do yourself.

5. Do yourself.

4. Do yourself.

6. Do yourself.





EASY ENGLISH GRAMMAR



7

Teacher's Manual

KANHA BOOKS INTERNATIONAL

New Delhi



The Sentence

Exercise for Practice

A. Write the types of the following sentences :

1. Assertive sentence
2. Interrogative sentence
3. Optative sentence
4. Optative sentence
5. Exclamatory sentence
6. Interrogative sentence
7. Optative sentence

B. Tick (✓) the right option :

- | | |
|-----------------|----------------------|
| 1. (b) Positive | 2. (b) Interrogative |
| 3. (a) Negative | 4. (b) Interrogative |



Parts of the Sentence

Exercise for Practice

A. Pick out the subject parts in the following sentences:

- | | | |
|----------------------------|----------|-------|
| 1. sheep | 2. Mohan | 3. it |
| 4. His younger brother | | |
| 5. There are five students | | |
| 6. The blue eyed girl | | |
| 7. Those boys | 8. It | |

9. My mother 10. A fat boy

B. Put the subject parts given in the brackets in the right order and complete the following sentences:

1. **My old friend** reached the station.
2. **Some naughty children** quarreled.
3. **The red flowers in my garden** are beautiful.
4. **The brave people** fight for their nation.
5. **The tall girl in the field** is a good cricketer.
6. **A costly mobile phone** was given to me on my birthday.
7. **The man at the desk** is writing a letter.
8. **The tall boy** is the monitor of my class.
9. **A white dog** was barking at the stranger.
10. **Walking in the morning** is not harmful.

Exercise for Practice

A. Pick out the predicate part in the following sentences :

1. Write a letter.
2. Opens the gate.
3. gave me a gift.
4. killed a lion.
5. has left for Lucknow.
6. announced his decision
7. am going on a long journey.
8. were jumping in the field.

B. Put the predicate part given in the brackets of each sentence in the right order and complete the sentence:

1. My friend **does not work hard**.
2. Ashok, the great **planted the tree on both the banks of the road**.
3. Shah Jahan **loved his begum Mumtaz very much**.

4. Sincere labour **never goes unrewarded**.
5. Rahim **had a letter from his brother yesterday**.
6. It **will be a holiday tomorrow**.
7. There **are one thousand boys in my school**.
8. I **teach him grammar**.

C. Pick out verb, object. Identify the direct and indirect objects from the following sentences :

1. Direct object : friend, verb : helped
2. Indirect object : camel, verb : called
3. Verb: decided
4. Direct : They, Indirect: disease, verb : got
5. Direct: I, Indirect : car, verb: lent
6. Direct : She, Indirect ghost, verb: called
7. Direct: pizza; Indirect: me, verb : brought
8. Direct: My mother, Indirect: food; verb: cooked



Countable and Uncountable Nouns

Exercise for Practice

A. Pick out countable and uncountable nouns from the following sentences:

1.	There was a bug crowd on the road.	uncountable
2.	We have no vacancy for a guard in our company.	countable
3.	Bread is necessary in life.	uncountable
4.	The boy requested to teacher to grant him leave for two days.	countable



5.	The Ramayana is a holy book of the Hindus.	countable
6.	I like your friendship much.	uncountable

B. Match the following correctly :

	Collection	Description
1.	A pack	of dogs
2.	A bunch	of grapes
3.	A chain	of mountains
4.	A library	of books
5.	A fleet	of ships
6.	A team	of players

C. Make nouns from the verbs given below.

Verb	Noun
know	knowledge
help	help
live	life
advise	advice
stop	stop
obey	obedience
please	pleasure
cook	cook

D. Make nouns from the adjectives given below :

Adjective	Noun
Safe	Safety
real	reality
beautiful	beauty
natural	nature
brave	bravery

daily
high
valuable

daily
height
value



The Noun Case

Exercise for Practice

A. Point out the case of the bold words in the following sentences:

1. Nominative case
2. Complement of a verb
3. Complement of a verb
4. Nominative case
5. Possessive case
6. Nominative absolute
7. Object of a verb
8. Nominative case
9. Nominative absolute
10. Nominative case

B. Match the following correctly :

'A'		'B'	
1.	Subject of a verb	(a)	Rohit Sharma plays cricket.
2.	Complement of a verb	(b)	The athlete won the medal .
3.	Nominative of an Address	(c)	Do as your teachers say .

4.	Case in Apposition	(d)	Hari , my son was elected in Asiad.
5.	Nominative Absolute	(e)	The tomato being costly, we did not buy it all.



The Pronoun

Exercise for Practice

A. Choose the pronouns and write their kinds:

1. She— Personal Pronoun
2. who— Relative Pronoun
3. himself— Emphatic Pronoun
4. its— Personal Pronoun
5. who— Interrogative Pronoun
6. himself— Reflexive Pronoun
7. yours— Personal Pronoun
8. Many— Indefinite Pronoun
9. This— Demonstrative, whose— Relative
10. That— Relative Pronoun

B. Fill in the blanks with correct pronouns :

1. Tomatoes **that** she bought were good.
2. These are the mangoes **which** I want to buy.
3. When can **you** come to my village?
4. She has lost **her** watch in the party.
5. The teacher **who** teaches us grammar is very learned.
6. **What** is the price of this washing machine?
7. This is the dog **that** barked at me yesterday night.



8. The girl **who** is sitting under the bridge is my sister.
9. **You** locked the door of the room.
10. **What** do you want to see?
11. Both of **them** were waiting.
12. I put my bag on the bench but **someone** moved it.
13. **Who** is knocking at the door?
14. Petrol **which** is a fuel is very expensive.
15. Here is the dog **that** bit the baby yesterday.

C. Fill in the blanks with suitable Reflexive and Emphatic Pronouns in the following sentences :

1. They enjoyed **themselves** in the park.
2. Rave **himself** did his work.
3. She went to market **herself** without her mother.
4. I was angry with **myself** for the error.
5. Sometimes I see him talking **herself** loudly.
6. You **yourself** did this task.
7. He bought his books **himself**.
8. They **themselves** went to the film.
9. She washed her clothes **herself**.
10. Many drunkard ruined **themselves**.



The Adjective

Exercise for Practice

A. Fill in the blanks with suitable Adjectives :

1. Mumbai is a **big** city.
2. The teacher is **happy** with my plan.
3. The scenery of Jammu and Kashmir is very **beautiful**.



4. I need **some** money to buy **more** books.
5. There is **little** sugar left in this pot.
6. Do not take **much** tension regarding your loss.
7. There are **enough** toffees in this packet.
8. It was my **last** paper of final exams.

B. Pick out the Adjectives from the following sentences and write their kind also :

1. yellow, green—Adjective of quality
2. Each—Distributive adjective
3. much—Adjective of quantity
4. red, sweet—Adjective of quality
5. any—Indefinite adjective
6. lame, white—adjective of quality
7. Which—Interrogative adjective, blue—Adjective of quality
8. some—Adjective of quantity, good—Adjective of quality

C. Fill in the blanks with suitable Adjective selecting from the box :

1. He has **little** money in his hand bag.
2. **Some** girls do not obey their parents.
3. **Many** boys were bathing in the canal.
4. The State Government has given **much** help to poor.
5. I have **few** good books over this topic.
6. There is no **any** mango tree in this orchard.
7. My mother is **older** than my aunty.

D. Fill in the blanks with 'some' or 'any' in the following sentences:

1. These beggars have no **any** money in their homes.
2. I saw **some** passengers sitting on the platform.
3. She gave me **some** good suggestions.

4. Will you give me **any** pen if you have in spare?
5. **Some** oranges in this bag, are sweet to taste.
6. The saint don't have **any** rupees as he has to build a temple.
7. There is no **any** room vacant in the Radison Hotel.

Exercise for Practice

A. Write the comparative and superlative degrees of the following adjectives :

Positive	Comparative	Superlative
long	longer	longest
fat	fatter	fattest
small	smaller	smallest
good	better	best
much	more	many/most
ugly	uglier	ugliest
beautiful	more beautiful	most beautiful
large	larger	largest
lazy	lazier	laziest
bad	worse	worst
far	farther	farthest
tall	taller	tallest
bright	brighter	brightest
intelligent	more intelligent	most intelligent

B. Fill in the blanks with suitable degrees of adjective given in brackets :

1. You are not **junior** to me.
2. It is the **latest** news of today.
3. Kamla is not **wiser** than her sister.
4. Mumbai is the **biggest** city of India.
5. There is **little** milk in the glass.
6. She is as **black** as abony wood.
7. The Nile is the **longest** river in the world.
8. Virat is undoubted skillful and **strong**.
9. Reena is **taller** than her sister.
10. The fox was **cleverer/ more clever** than the crow.



The Articles

Exercise for Practice

A. Complete the following sentences by filling in the blanks with suitable articles 'a', 'an', 'the' :

1. **The** Maths teacher is teaching the **the** class.
2. We went to see **the** Akshardham Temple in Delhi.
3. **The** Mona Lisa is **an** unique painting.
4. Surdas is **the** author of **the** Soorsagar was born near Agra.
5. I bought **an** umbrella for rainy season.
6. Uncle gave me **a** gift on my birthday.
7. She was given **the** best student award this year.
8. My son is **an** engineer in **the** United States.

B. Fill in the blanks with suitable articles:

1. The teacher caught me by **the** ear.
2. Tokyo is **the** biggest city in the world.

3. My younger brother Satish is **an** M.L.A.
4. Raghu used to live in **an** inn.
5. **A** farmer's life is very hard.
6. Diesel is sold by **a** litre.
7. **The** Ramcharitmanas s a holy book of **the** Hindus.
8. Surdas is **the** Milton of India.

C. Correct the following sentences :

1. London is the capital of England.
2. Sardar Patel was the Bismarak of India.
3. Honesty is the best policy.
4. The dogs are faithful to their masters.
5. Both the bread and butter are a delicious snack.
6. He was appointed as the teacher.
7. English is the language of the English.
8. The man is mortal.
9. The truth lives forever.
10. Sugarcane is grown in U.P.



The Verb

Exercise for Practice

A. Sort out the linking and auxiliary verbs from the following sentences :

- | Linking verb | Auxiliary |
|--------------|-----------|
| 1. | are |
| 2. smell | |
| 3. is | |
| 4. | were |

5. seems
6. was
7. will be
8. is
9. appears
10. has

B. Sort out the Intransitive verb and Transitive verb from the following sentences:

- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1. Transitive | 2. Intransitive |
| 3. Transitive | 4. Intransitive |
| 5. Transitive | 6. Intransitive |
| 7. Intransitive | 8. Intransitive |
| 9. Transitive | 10. Transitive |



The Verb Forms

Exercise for Practice

A. Write the II, III (past participle) and present participle forms of the following verbs:

Ist form	IInd form	IIIrd form (past participle)	Present participle
Break	Broke	Broken	Breaking
Go	went	gone	going
Tell	Told	told	telling
Come	came	come	coming

Do	did	done	doing
Read	read	read	reading
Shut	shut	shut	shutting
Buy	bought	bought	buying
See	saw	seen	seeing
Swim	swam	swum	swimming
Write	wrote	written	writing
Hang	hanged	hanged	hanging
Lose	lost	lost	losing
Pay	paid	paid	paying
Beat	beat	beaten	beating
Speak	spoke	spoken	speaking
Run	ran	run	running

Exercise for Practice

A. Fill in the blanks with Modal Auxiliaries will/shall/may/can/must not in the following sentences:

1. The teacher is a good man. He **will** help you.
2. I **may** get a gift today from my uncle.
3. The boy **must** be given award by the President for his bravery.
4. Dr. Dhiman **shall** be good doctor.
5. This chair is for our teacher. You **must not** sit on it.
6. They **can** lift a very heavy load.
7. **Can/may** I take your pen?
8. You **shall** leave this room at once.
9. You **will** get there by 8 O'clock.

10. **May** you succeed in your plan.
11. You **must not** waste your time.
12. From Mumbai we **will** go to Pune.
13. He **will** teach English.
14. You **must** leave for Delhi now.

B. Fill in the blanks with may, might, could, should, would, needn't, dare, ought to :

1. She works hard so that she **might** win a scholarship.
2. We walked fast so that we **could** catch the train.
3. **May** you have the best of luck!
4. When I was young I **could** recite beautiful poems.
5. She prayed that **may** her brother **should** live long.
6. I knew that I need not borrow his bicycle.
7. **Could** you please open the door?
8. You **should** take exercise regularly.
9. **Would** you like to have some coffee?
10. You **needn't** not worry so much about your health.
11. **Should** I help him with money?
12. **Dare** you step in my office?
13. The boys **should** learn their lesson today; there is no school tomorrow.
14. You **needn't** buy me present but it was very kind of you.
15. We **should** love our nation.



Tenses

Exercise for Practice

- A. Fill in the blanks with correct verb form given in the brackets :**



1. I **like** eating mangoes.
2. Water **boils** at 100°C.
3. She **is working hard** these days.
4. Who **does** not like to be successful?
5. They **have been playing** hockey match for two days.
6. **Am** I not **writing** a letter?
7. The train is **steaming** in.
8. We **are** not **winning** the match.
9. **Are** you **going** to Srinagar, the capital of Kashmir?
10. We **take** milk at night.

B. Rewrite the following sentences making necessary corrections :

1. He has already written a letter to his father.
2. The sun rises in the east.
3. I see dolphins in the Ganga.
4. There Ravi, Hari and their mother is standing.
5. She passes in Maths.
6. They have done their work in time.
7. You have been completing your work since two hours.
8. We eat dinner at 7 O'clock.
9. The hunter has been running after the deer for an hour.
10. The principal delivers a speech.

C. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets :

1. She is not running very fast.
2. Do you not like photography?
3. Mayank has not passed the admission test.
4. You have told a lie.
5. Does she play cricket and chess?
6. Mala is not making a doll.

7. Passengers have been waiting for three hours.

Exercise for Practice

A. Fill in the blanks with suitable form of the verb given in the brackets in the following sentences :

1. I **lost** my 500 rupee note yesterday somewhere.
2. He **had killed** the scorpion before you came.
3. I **been** to America twice.
4. The doctor **came** before the patient died.
5. Meera **had been suffering** from fever since Sunday last.
6. The washerman **had been washing** dirty clothes since morning.
7. I **passed** class VII with honour.
8. The train **was running** late so we **went** to the station.
9. He was playing hockey when father **called** me.
10. I **saw** a snake.

B. Rewrite the following sentences changing the verbs into the past tense.

1. I was sure that she did not waste her time.
2. My cow yielded 10 kg milk daily.
3. She knew that tomatoes were been sold at the rate Rs 200 per kg.
4. No one knews what was in the store for him.
5. Why did he abuse you?
6. Children had been playing since morning.
7. It was not raining heavily today.
8. Whenever my father came, he brought sweets.

C. In the following sentences supply the tense of the verbs as directed :

1. She hung/hanged her coat on hanger.

2. Our team won the match yesterday.
3. He had never seen a lion before.
4. The sun rose and the fog disappeared.
5. Each of them had eaten lunch before the sun rose.
6. I saw you yesterday.
7. Had you been waiting for me for two hours?
8. I had not seen him before.

Exercise for Practice

A. Fill in the blanks with correct forms of the verb given in the brackets :

1. Students **will take** the test this week.
2. His son **will going** to be a judge next week.
3. He **will be depositing** his school fees next Monday.
4. You **will purchase** a new car tomorrow.
5. She **will have been going** to London for two years.
6. Who **will be teaching** here for five years.
7. My father **will be going** to attend a conference in Tokyo.
8. How **will** you be **going** to your school tomorrow?
9. He **will be going** to Australia next month.
10. We **will be enjoying** the party tomorrow.
11. She **will not have sent** an email by the evening.

B. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets:

2. Seeba will go to the market to buy vegetables.
3. I shall have wrote a notice of missing my purse.
4. She will wait for me on the platform.
5. I will have been learning my lesson since morning.
6. The labourers will have cut the trees.
7. I will have been saw smoke and fire in the forest.
8. You will take your dinner daily.

9. We will be playing a football match today.

10. Will you take part in the debate?



The Adverb

Exercise for Practice

A. Pick out the adverbs and state their kind from the following sentence:

1. heavily—adverbs of manner.
2. very—adverbs of quality
3. enough—adverbs of degree
4. everywhere—adverbs of place
5. inside—adverbs of place
6. rather—adverbs of degree
7. seldom—adverbs of frequency
8. late—adverbs of time
9. yesterday —adverbs of time
10. enough—adverbs of degree
11. never—adverbs of frequency
12. always—adverbs of frequency
early—adverbs of time
13. badly—adverbs of manner
14. quite—adverbs of degree
15. probably—adverbs of degree

B. Fill in the blanks with the suitable adverbs in the following sentences:

1. The tortoise walked **slowly**
2. Thieves went **quietly**



3. Mother gets up **early** in the morning.
 4. She goes to college **daily**.
 5. I finished the work **timely**.
 6. It rained **heavily**.
 7. He has **rarely** completed his tuition work.
 8. The carpenter made the furniture **nicely**
 9. Our soldiers fought **bravely**
-



The Preposition

Exercise for Practice

A. Fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions :

1. He is putting all the money **in** his pockets.
2. The policeman caught the thief **from** the neck.
3. There is no harm **in** doing this.
4. My father has great confidence **on** me.
5. Milk is useful **for** health.
6. I am waiting **for** my result.
7. You are not qualified **for** this job.
8. Smoking is injurious **to** health.
9. He runs **after** wealth.
10. The king divided his property **between** his two sons.

B. Fill in the blanks with suitable preposition selecting from the brackets:

1. I was born **in** Dehradun.
2. We go to school **at** 7 a.m.
3. The wolf sprang **upon** the goat.
4. I was taught Maths **by** Mr. Verma.



5. **Besides** being fined, he was expelled from the class.
6. The four sons divide their father's property **among** themselves.
7. The beggar walked **to** the end of the street.
8. Saffron of Kashmir is famous all **over** the world.
9. Honey is sold **by** kilo.
10. I shall return **within** a month.

C. Use the following Prepositions in your own sentences :

- | | | |
|--------|---|--|
| in | : | Apples are in the basket. |
| into | : | The frog jumped into the pond. |
| after | : | The police ran after the thief. |
| behind | : | My house is behind the temple. |
| to | : | Reema gave her book to teacher. |
| upto | : | The little boys knows counting upto hundred. |
| with | : | Shreya went to market with Priya. |
| within | : | I will pay the money within a month. |
| over | : | There is a bridge over the river. |
| above | : | The bird flew above the roof. |



The Conjunction

Exercise for Practice

A. Read the following sentence and pick out conjunctions from them; also write their kind:

1. so that—coordinating conjunction



2. that—coordinating conjunction
3. lest—subordinating conjunction
4. that—coordinating conjunction
5. but—coordinating conjunction
6. but—coordinating conjunction
7. as—subordinating conjunction
8. Although—subordinating conjunction

B. Fill in the blanks with suitable conjunctions :

1. Father came from his office by train **therefore** he took bath.
2. We breathe **so that** we may survive.
3. The passenger ran fast **but** he could not catch the train.
4. He is dull **but** people like him.
5. Mumbai **and** Kolkata are metropolitan cities.
6. Work hard **otherwise** you will fail.
7. That was the road **that** we used to learn driving.
8. As soon as I reached the station **but** the train left.
9. They went to cinema hall **because** they wanted to watch a movie.
10. Govind is a poor **but** he is honest.
11. **Neither** Prena can do it **nor** Neha.
12. It may rain **therefore** we shall not go to school.
13. You behaved **as** you was a prince.
14. They are very rich **and** they are happy.
15. She is **so** cute **therefore** everybody likes her.

C. Combine the following pairs of sentences by using conjunctions :

1. Neeraj Chopra won a gold and silver medal.
2. Ravi and Hari are good racers.



3. He worked hard therefore he stood first in the class.
4. Don't come or don't go.
5. Rohan and Sohan are my neighbours.
6. Neither she nor her sister has done their work.
7. Renu is honest but Kanta is rude.
8. It may rain therefore we should not go to market.
9. He went to post office and posted the letter.
10. I and his brother went to market.



The Interjection

Exercise for Practice

A. Use the following words in your own sentences :

1. Fie!Fie!—there is so much dust in the books.
2. Alas!—the team has lost the match.
3. Ouch!—the boy got hurt.
4. Hurrah!—we are going for picnic.
5. Wow!—This dress is so beautiful.

B. Put the correct interjection in the blanks :

1. **Hello!** How are you?
2. **Hush!** The child is sleeping.
3. **How!** High the Statue of Unity is!
4. **Alas!** Our team has lost the match.
5. **Bravo!** Our athletes did very well.
6. **Wow!** The kid is very cute.
7. **What** A beauty!
8. **Wow!** The design of the home is very attractive.
9. **Ah!** There is a thief in the room.
10. **How** beautiful the child is!





The Infinitive

Exercise for Practice

A. Fill in the blanks with infinitives of the verbs given in brackets :

1. **Helping** a wounded person is a good deed.
2. I go to the garden **to take** exercise daily.
3. **To take** milk in the night, is my habit.
4. She likes **giving** food to beggars.
5. It is bad **to tell** lies.

B. Complete the following by using infinitive 'to':

1. Did she forget **to take the bag**.
2. The old man is so weak **to walk without stick**.
3. He sent his daughter to school **to study**.
4. It will be good **to work with you**.

C. Join the following pairs of sentences by using infinitive 'to'.

1. His parents were happy to heard about his success.
2. She is going to the field to bring grass from there.
3. My mother goes to temple to worship.
4. He wants to educate his four sons.
5. We shall go to Agra to see the Taj Mahal.



The Gerund

Exercise for Practice

A. Complete the following sentences by using gerund with the help of the verbs given in brackets :

1. I am fond of **reading** short stories.
2. He hates **telling** lies.
3. The naughty boys were punished for **teasing**.
4. Stop **making** a noise.
5. She is tired of **waiting**.
6. Rohan likes **writing** slogans.

B. Combine the following pairs of sentences by using Gerund :

1. My brother is fond of collecting stamps.
2. I hired a rickshaw for going out.
3. He was beaten for stealing a piece of bread.
4. My sister slept while reading the book.
5. After finishing his letter, Sachin went to play.



The Participle

Exercise for Practice

A. Which type of participles has been used in the following sentences?

1. Present Participle
2. Past Participle



3. Present Participle
4. Present Participle
5. Perfect Participle

B. Combine the following pairs of sentences by using participles.

1. The fox being hungry, went in search of food.
2. Being moderate climate, we went on a tour.
3. With the train running fast, do not try to get down.
4. Turning right, you will see a mall.
5. Taking pity on the rat, the juggler turned it into cat.



Active and Passive Voice

Exercise for Practice

A. Change the following sentences into passive voice :

1. Century is scored by the captain.
2. Flowers in the garden are plucked by the gardener.
3. Animals are not beaten by him.
4. Is French spoken by you fluently?
5. By whom you are helped with money daily.
6. Clothes were being washed by Sheila.
7. Kargil war was fought bravely by our soldiers.
8. Late comers had been beaten by the Principal.
9. Classes have been taken by the teachers.
10. Past week Auto Expo was visited by me and my friends.
11. Is the song being sung by you?
12. Car show room has been inaugurated by the minister.
13. You are asked to come to me at once.



14. Let the wall not be spoiled.
15. You are requested to give some rupees to me.
16. Is a spare pen available to you?
17. You are ordered to go and shoot the enemy.
18. You are advised to take these pills with luke water.
19. The match will have been won by Hema.
20. Grammar was being taught by the teacher.
21. The fields will be ploughed by farmers tomorrow.
22. Were lie being told by them.



Direct and Indirect Speech

Exercise for Practice

Change the following sentences into Indirect Speech :

1. He said that he have seen this bird.
2. You said that Rasmeet will go to his village.
3. He will say that mother is cooking our lunch.
4. He told me that I am getting a prize.
5. The teacher told us two and two makes four.
6. The chief guest said that it gives him great pleasure to be there this morning.
7. She told me that Kavindra had written a novel.
8. You told me that you won't be able to help me.
9. The teacher told students that the Ganga is a holy river of India.
10. Mary told James that she visited the zoo the previous day.
11. Ravi told Leena that she must go to market then.

12. Mother told to her daughter that they could not passed the test.

Exercise for Practice

Change the following into Indirect Speech :

1. The peasant asked the watchman if he believed in ghosts.
2. Krishna asked Leela where was she previous Monday.
3. The peon asked the principal if he might go out of school.
4. She asked me when did I got up the previous day.
5. Ravina asked the boy why he was wasting his time in gossiping.
6. He asked her whether she would come to market with him.
7. They asked him who was he.
8. The passenger asked the booking clerk whether he would issue him a ticket for New Delhi.
9. The cobblers asked me why I did not buy a new pair of shoes.
10. Muskaan asked Vahida when she was leaving for London.

Exercise for Practice

A. Change these sentences into Indirect speech :

1. He requested me to help him with money.
2. My father advised not to mix with bad boys.
3. The teacher ordered the students to get out of the class.
4. Mother advised daughter to work hard to stand first in class.
5. The doctor advised patient to take exercise daily and eat light food.

6. The servant requested his master to let him go.
7. John asked William to go for a long journey.
8. I asked my father to go to market in the evening.
9. He asked to let him do his work.
10. The saint wished that might I live a prosper life.
11. He wished me that might God blessed me with a blooming health.
12. The servant exclaimed his master with anger damn him.
13. She wished him that might he have a sleep sound.
14. He wished/prayed might their President live long.
15. The captain exclaimed with joy that they have defeated the enemy.
16. I applauded my sons saying that they had played well.
17. He exclaimed that Gandhi Setu is too long.
18. I exclaimed that kid was so cute.
19. The old man exclaimed with sorrow that he had lost all his property.



Punctuation and Use of Capital Letters

Exercise for Practice

A. Punctuate the following by using necessary marks and capital letter:

1. Are you going to school?
2. The beggar said "I am hungry and thirsty."
3. Hurrah! we have won the match.
4. The saint read the Ramayana.
5. Alas! the main is dead.



B. Punctuate the following by using necessary marks and capital letter :

1. Hari, Ravi and Mahesh went to see the Taj.
2. The teacher said "I shall teach you Math today."
3. When will you go to Meerut?
4. "You are a juggler.", said the man.
5. Was I not in the class yesterday?

Exercise for Practice

Punctuate the following by using necessary marks and capital letter:

1. The principal said to Suresh "sit down and keep quiet."
2. "You may use my car for picnic," said Ramesh to his friend.
3. The teacher said to Laxman, "You should stay at Panchvati."
4. Mohan said to Ravi, "Have you completed your home work."
5. "I am a dead man Ravi," said Karan.
6. "If you come on Sunday, I will definitely take extra class," the teacher said to the students.
7. "Attend your classes regularly or you will be punished." said the lecturer to students.
8. I said to Shyam "You will not fail if you work hard".
9. The Lawyer said "What is your name?", the young man replied "My name is Ramesh. I have come to seek your advice."
10. "Are you coming to school with your brothers"? he said.
11. I said to Hemant, "You will not fail if you work hard".
12. Mohan said, "I went to Meerut yesterday."

13. My brother said to me, "You should not waste your time on Thursday."
14. Deepak said to Ramesh, "Congratulations you have stood first in examination."
15. He wrote, "I can't come because I am ill"
16. She said to her mother, "Will you give me one thousand rupees, I wish to purchase some books."
17. Have faith in the almighty, trust him always.
18. The poets, I like are-Wordsworth, Keats and Shelley.
19. You may do it, if you like.
20. To err is human, to forgive divine.
21. Sushil had visited Taj Mahal of Agra many times but he has never gone to Karnal.
22. "I may be slow", said the tortoise, "but I can win the race".
23. I am going to Agra tomorrow to play a hockey match.
24. My father said to Raju, "You should not waste your time on Saturday."



Comprehension

Passage for Practice

Read the following passage and answer the questions given below it :

1. 1. Fatehpur Sikri is located twenty miles from Agra.
2. Akbar wished for a son.
3. Saint told Akbar that his wish would be soon granted.
4. Salim's real name was Jahangir.



5. The city of victory.
2.
 1. A sudden fright could restore the king to health.
 2. The fool cleverly pushed the king into the water.
 3. The fright, the bath and the bed rest cured the king.
 4. The fool was dead killed by his master' joke.
 5. (i) Ordered him to be put to death.
(ii) repay fright with fright.
3.
 1. Marco Polo
 2. Marco Polo was the first European who describe Burma, Tibet and India and told them customs and manners of the people.
 3. Sledge is a type of cart that is driven by dogs in the cold Arctic Countries.
 4. Europe and Marco's descriptions stirred up to find out more about this outside world.
4.
 1. Golconda was the capital of Qutb Shahi Kingdom.
 2. Golconda fort was built by Kakatiya dynasty's ruler.
 3. Aurangzeb, captured the fort.
 4. A sound and light show is held everyday at the fort.
 5. The Golconda fort.
5.
 1. Rising early in the morning gives us sound health and pleasure.
 2. The person feels fresh the whole day by walking in the open and clean air.
 3. Late risers have to work till late in the night. It is also not good for health.
 4. (i) capable of producing a result.
(ii) past, historic
 5. Early to bed, Early to Rise.



Story Writing and Completion

Exercise for Practice

A. Develop the story by looking at the picture given here under:

1. Journey by Train.

Riya's summer vacations had started. Her family was planning to visit Puri by train. They reached the station with all luggage early in the morning. This was Riya's first journey by train. She was very excited. There was a crowd on the platform. Tea sellers, magazines and newspaper stalls, pakora stalls were all seen on the platform. Many coolies, were carrying luggage of passengers. Train had arrived at the station. Riya preferred a window seat because she wants to enjoy the beauty of nature.

2. Sohan visited the city fair, the famous 'nauchandi mela' with his parents. Lots of stalls for eatables, games, toys were seen all over in the fair. It was so crowded therefore Sohan's parents advised him to hold their hands while walking. A big circus was also running in the fair. There were big swings. Sohan enjoyed a lot. He bought many toys, balloons and ate his favourite icecream. He enjoyed a lot in the fair.

B. Complete the stories with the help of the hints given here under:

- (a) Once there lived a fox and a crane. They became friends. Fox was cunning but the crane was innocent. One day the fox invited the crane for dinner. The crane



was happy. When she reached fox's house, fox served the soup in two plates. As the plate was flat crane could not drink the soup because of her long beak and fox finished lapping up the soup. The crane have to come back home hungry. After sometime crane invited fox to her house for dinner. When fox arrived, the crane served fish in bottle. The bottle has a long narrow neck. The fox could neither lap in the bottle nor eat the fish. The crane had taken revenge for fox's earlier behaviour. The fox felt ashamed and went away.

Moral : Tit for Tat.

- (b) Once there were a large number of rats in a house. There also lived a cat which is very fat and strong, she ate one or two mouse everyday. The rats were very afraid of cat, they decided to call a meeting. They gathered in a corner, the old mouse who was chairman of the mice stood up and spoke that "we should bell the cat so that we can know when the cat is coming and we could hide ourselves in a safe place." Listening to this idea all mice start clapping. The old mouse then asked who will bell the cat?" All mice remain quiet and complete silence appeared on the scene. Mice fled away and this plan could not succeed.



Notice Writing

1. Do your self.

2. **LOST AND FOUND**

Lost a suitcase while travelling by bus no. 315 from Dehradun to Meerut. Containing some valuable documents including

Xth Board Certificate. Briefcase is black in colour having logo of CK.

If found please contact Dev Sharma of Haldwani at 9967XXXX98 (M.) Founder will be duly rewarded.

Dev Sharma

3. SWAGAT HOTEL AND LODGE

(Railway Road, Meerut)

Rooms available: Single and Double (with extra bed facility)

Breakfast Buffet: 08:30 am to 11:00 am

Lunch and Dinner facility also available at restaurant.

For Booking, please contact at 99*****56

Manager

4. DAV PUBLIC SCHOOL

All the students are hereby informed that our school is organising a cultural programme to raise hands for the handicapped children. Famous Singer Neha Kakkar will also be performing in the event. Interested students can collect the tickets from Ms Sharma (Librarian). Your contribution can make this event memorable.

Venue: Tagore Hall

Date and Time: 25 August _____ at 04:00 pm

Praveen Solanki

5. Do yourself.



Letter and Application Writing

Exercise for Practice

1. 156-Akailash Colony
Ghaziabad, Uttar Pradesh- 201001
4th July, _____
Dear Brother

I hope that you and your family are in great health. I am good too. Yesterday was our annual day celebration at school and I want to tell you all about it.

On our annual day celebration, there were many events organised. Students gave different performances too. My best friend did a solo act and she outshined everybody. After that, there were many sports events held ranging from basketball matches to races. I took part in the hurdle race. I was so nervous as the race was about to start, but to my good luck and efforts, I stood first in the race. My other friends too participated in their favourite events and I cheered for them a lot. At the end of the day, the winners received medals. I got a gold medal for my 1st position in the hurdle race. I showed it to my parents at home, and they said they were very proud of me. It was a great day.

We haven't met in a long, so let us plan to catch up soon. When you have time, give me a call and we will plan an outing together. Till then, take care of yourself.

Your dear friend,
Nitish



2. Dear Papa,

I trust this letter finds you in the best of health and happiness. I would like your permission to join a school trip organized for my Class. The trip will start on 15 February ____ and end on 22 February _____. The destination of the trip is Delhi, where we will visit historical monuments, and museums and attend educational workshops.

My teachers have informed us that the trip will cost INR 3,000 for each student. I will contribute INR 1000, which I have saved from my pocket money and I need INR 2000 from you. I have attached the detailed itinerary and the permission slip provided by the school for your reference.

I assure you that the teachers and school authorities have taken all necessary precautions to ensure the safety of the students during the trip.

With all Love and Respect

Harshita

3. Do yourself.

4. Do yourself.

5. To _____ Date _____

The Principal,

XYZ School

Sub: Request for organizing a blood donation camp in school.

Dear Sir

I am writing to respectfully request your permission to organize a blood donation camp on [Date] at [School Name] to raise awareness about the importance of blood donation and encourage students, staff, and the local community to participate in this noble cause.



We will ensure the camp is conducted smoothly with proper medical supervision and adherence to all necessary protocols. We would be grateful for your support in promoting this initiative within the school and facilitating communication with the collaborating organization.

Thank you for considering our request.

Sincerely,

Naman Jain

Class VII A

Exercise for Practice

1. Jai Prakash Sharma

10 A Vaishali, NOIDA

To

The Chief Librarian

Janta Library, New Delhi

Respected Sir/Madam,

I am a member of the library. After the recent storm, I would like to pen down my concern for the dismal condition of the library. The wastes are just scattered in the floor and foul smell is emerging from the wastes.

This results in a unhygienic condition and prone to many diseases. This also provides a favourable condition for mosquito to breed and so increasing the chances of malaria and dengue.

So, I kindly request you to clean the library and to disinfect using disinfectants. I also request you to kindly place a create a friendly and peaceful environment for the readers to study.

Thank You.

Yours Respectfully,

Jai Prakash



2. To,

The Superintendent of Police,
Meerut

Dear Sir/Madam,

I am writing to express grave concern regarding the alarming rise in chain snatching incidents occurring across various localities within Meerut in recent months. This has created a significant sense of fear and insecurity among the residents, particularly among women and senior citizens.

Several reports have surfaced detailing incidents where individuals have been targeted by criminals on motorcycles or on foot, with valuable gold chains snatched away in broad daylight, often in crowded areas.

We request your immediate attention to this matter and look forward to a prompt response regarding the steps being taken to address the increasing chain snatching incidents.

Sincerely,

[Your Name]

[Contact Details]

[Address]

3. Do yourself.

4. Do yourself.

5. To

The Chairman
Water Supply Board
Ghaziabad

Dear Sir/Madam,

We, the residents of [Your Locality], are writing to express our serious concern about the ongoing water scarcity in our area. We are facing a severe water shortage, making it

difficult to [List the consequences – e.g., meet basic needs, maintain hygiene]. to address this critical issue and ensure a sufficient water supply for our community.

We are open to discussing possible solutions, such as repair of leaks and exploring alternative water sources.

We request that you to take immediate action.

Sincerely,

[Your Signature]

Exercise for Practice

1. Do yourself.

2. To

The Manager

Trident Ltd, Mumbai

Sub: Application for the post of a typist cum office assistant.

Sir,

In response to the advertisement dated _____ in the 'Hindu' for the post of typist cum office assistant, I wish to offer myself as a candidate for the same and furnish the following particulars for your kind perusal.

As regards to my qualification, I wish to inform that I have passed my Higher Secondary School with distinction marks and after that I joined a commercial college to learn typewriting. My typing speed is 40-50 words per minute.

I am enclosing my resume for your kind reference.

I assure you that on getting this opportunity I will serve you to my best.

Thanking You

Yours Faithfully

Rajan Sharma

3. President, HWA

Gulmohar Colony

Bhopal (MP)

Date _____

The Municipal Commissioner

Municipal Corporation

Bhopal

Madhya Pradesh

Subject: Complaint Regarding the servicing of non-working tubewell.

Dear Sir/Madam,

I am writing to bring to your attention the non-working tubewell in Gulmohar Colony. The tubewell had not been serviced since last two years. On reminding twice earlier no action has been taken. Now it has completely stopped functioning. The residents have been facing severe issues due to the irregular and insufficient supply of water to meet their daily needs. We request you to take immediate action to resolve these issues and ensure a regular servicing of tubewell.

Thank you for your attention to this urgent matter.

Yours sincerely,

Manoj Sharma

President

(Gulmohar Colony)

4. Do yourself.





Essay Writing

Exercise for Practice

Write essays on these topics in about 150 words each :

1. Importance of Newspapers in our life

Now-a-days the newspaper has been a necessity of the life. It is available in the market in almost all languages. A newspaper is a publication of the news which gets printed on the paper and distributed to everyone at their home. Different countries have their own news publication agencies. Newspaper gives us all about what is happening in our own country as well as whole world. We let us know exact information related to the topic of sports, politics, religion, society, economy, film industries, movies, food, employment etc.

Earlier, newspapers were published with only news details however, currently it contains news and views about various subject almost everything. Various newspaper in market costs differently according to their news details and popularity in the area. The newspapers having current daily affairs are printed daily however of them gets printed twice a week, once a week or once a month.

Newspapers serve more than one purposes according to the need and requirement of the people. Newspapers are very effective and powerful give all information at one place from all over the world. In comparison to the information it gives, it costs very less. It keeps us well informed about all the happenings in our surrounding.

2. A Journey by Bus

Do yourself.

3. India and its Neighbours

Do yourself.

4. Morning walk

It has been said that the health is wealth. It should be preserved at every cost.

We take various exercises but I like walking. It is the best exercise of all. It covers the movement of the whole body. We should get up early in the morning and go for a walk before the sunrise. Morning walk can be done in open fields, spaces, parks, broad roads and gardens.

It is very useful for health. We inhale fresh air containing large amount of oxygen and release foul gases in the atmosphere. We feel ourselves refresh and make us healthy. Besides it this exercise makes our knees and shoulders moveable and we avoid toughness in them. Our whole body moves when we walk. In the early morning calm and quiet atmosphere provide us peaceful environment. Chirping of birds in the trees make us happy.

Most of us are in tension because our life is very busy. We do all work by machines. We do not walk on foot to do our works. Modern living does not provide us any physical movement. So we need an exercise which may keep ourselves fit whole day and that is morning walk.

We should walk briskly at least for half an hour daily in the early morning.

5. Pollution

Pollution is a pressing environmental issue affecting our planet. It occurs when harmful substances contaminate the

air, water, or soil. The primary sources of pollution include industrial activities, vehicle emissions, improper waste disposal, and deforestation. Air pollution, caused by the release of pollutants into the atmosphere, leads to respiratory problems and climate change. Water pollution, resulting from the discharge of chemicals and waste into water bodies, poses a threat to aquatic life and human health.

Soil pollution occurs when pollutants, such as pesticides and industrial waste, degrade the quality of soil, impacting plant growth and food safety. Noise pollution, caused by excessive noise from various sources, can lead to stress and hearing loss. Light pollution disrupts natural ecosystems and affects wildlife behavior. To address pollution, individuals must adopt sustainable practices, industries must implement cleaner technologies, and governments must enforce stringent environmental regulations.

6. A cricket match

Games and sports are very important in the life of man. Many games and sports are played in our country. Cricket is one of them. I take much interest in cricket so I never miss any match played between the teams of India and Pakistan. It was the World Cup match played on the pitch of Senturian in South Africa on 1st March, 2003.

The Pakistan team won the toss and did batting first. Anwar hit the ball hard every time and played in full form. Ist wicket of Pakistan of Umar fell at the score of 58. After it Indian bowlers made all the players of Pakistan out very soon. They scored 273 runs in 50 overs. Anwar made 100 runs.

Saurav Ganguly was the captain of the Indian Team, Sachin and Virendra Sehwag were opening batsmen. Sachin played

very well. He scored 98 runs from 75 balls. Although the team of Pakistan made efforts to check Sachin but all were in vain. Spectators were clapping at his batting.

The Indian cricket team won the match by six wickets. I was very happy. Sachin set many records in the world of cricket. I not only but also Indians are proud of him. It was a very interesting match and I enjoyed it fully.

7. A visit to a religious place

Do yourself.

8. Your favourite political leader

Do yourself.



EASY ENGLISH GRAMMAR



8

Teacher's Manual

KANHA BOOKS INTERNATIONAL

New Delhi



The Sentence, Kinds and Interchange

Exercise for Practice

A. Change the following sentences into Negative sentences:

Negative

1. He is not playing in the field.
2. You were not in the library.
3. She does not do her work daily.
4. We do not wash our clothes ourselves.
5. The elephant does not broke the branches of the tree.
6. He has not beaten the stray dog.

B. Change these sentences into Affirmative

Affirmative

1. The passenger has gone into the compartment.
2. She made a doll.
3. We like oily food.
4. She can climb up a hill.
5. We may go to fair now.

C. Change these sentences into Interrogative :

Interrogative

1. Is the bird in the cage?
2. Were you laughing loudly.
3. Will she be writing a book?
4. Shall I cooperate the needy?
5. Does he eat lunch at 1:00 pm?

6. Did you go to the market in the evening?

D. Change these sentences into Affirmative :

1. Rajani is playing chess.
2. He was calling you.
3. The dog has injured its leg.
4. I may go home now.
5. You play a match.

E. Change these sentences into Negative :

Negative

1. Don't let me do my work.
2. Never say ill to others.
3. Don't come here.
4. Please don't give me some food.
5. Don't do as your parents say.
6. Never help the poor.

F. Change these sentences into Negative :

Negative

1. Neither you nor your son is guilty.
2. Don't give me mangoes.
3. Not let him slept.
4. I don't have a golden ring.
5. Someone not gave me a gift.



Reordering of Words to Make a Sentence

Exercise for Practice

- A. Make correct sentences by reordering the words in the following :

1. My all friends were present in the function.
2. Don't write in red ink.
3. His mother does not beat him.
4. Please, get me a ticket.
5. Is this guava ripe?
6. Mr. Verma teaches in Hindi.
7. I bought this car last year.
8. The greedy seller cried regretting his loss.

B. Frame correct sentences by reordering the words in the following :

1. We play football on every Sunday.
2. We should work hard for success.
3. I shall never forgive you.
4. I was in Kanpur last week.
5. Is it good to got up early in the morning?
6. Life is not a bed of roses.



Determiners

Exercise for Practice

A. Fill in the blanks with suitable determiner selecting from the brackets :

1. English is the language of **the** English.
2. Karan Singh is **an** M.P.
3. The boy has **some** mangoes in the basket.
4. Is there **any** news about the guest?
5. **Each** of the boys has taken his share.
6. I have **many** work to do.

7. There is **a little** milk in the jug.

8. I have read **few** novels I had.

B. Fill in the blanks with suitable determiners :

1. She asked me for **some** money, but I did not have **much**.

2. Sukumo is **an** Asian by birth, not **an** European.

3. How **many** oranges are there in the basket?

4. There is **some** tea in the pot.

5. **The** book you want is not with me.

6. **An** apple a day keeps **the** doctor away.

7. **Many** houses were damaged by the flood.

8. **Little** water that was in the pot has been spilt.

9. In **little/few** words he expressed his gratitude to his friend.

10. Delhi is **farther** from Modinagar than that of Ghaziabad.

11. **That** house was built by my father.

12. **This** pen is costly for me.



Noun : Countable and Uncountable

Exercise for Practice

A. Pick out the countable and uncountable nouns from the following sentences :

1. bread & butter, uncountable

2. knowledge, uncountable

3. thieves, countable

4. bravely, uncountable

5. necessary, uncountable

6. pieces, countable

7. kindness, uncountable
8. cars & bike, countable
9. decision, uncountable
10. salt, uncountable

B. Fill in the blanks with suitable nouns selecting from the box:

1. My friend writes a **letter** to his brother.
2. There was a big **mob** on the crossing.
3. The **Godavari** is called the Ganga of South Asia.
4. The ring is made of **gold**.
5. **Shah Jahan** built the Taj Mahal on the right bank of the Yamuna at Agra.

C. Choose the Collective, Material and Abstract nouns from the following sentences :

- | | |
|--|-------------------|
| 1. Economics is an important subject. | Abstract |
| 2. He gave me a good advice . | Abstract |
| 3. Iron is a metal. | Material |
| 4. I used to swim in my childhood . | Abstract |
| 5. You took admission in VIII class . | Collective |



Pronouns

Exercise for Practice

A. Fill in the blanks with suitable personal pronouns:

1. **We** should respect our elders.
2. She does **her** work regularly.

3. I learn my lesson properly.
4. **They** were calling us intelligent.
5. You help **your** family with money and clothes.
6. Johny is my pet dog. **It** is very cute.
7. This is the gift **that** you gave me yesterday.
8. **They** are my best friends.
9. This bag is **mine**.
10. We never tease **others**.

B. Fill in the blanks with Relative, Interrogative and Emphatic Pronouns :

1. This is the house **where** I was born.
2. **Who** teaches you English grammar?
3. You ruined **yourself**.
4. That is the person **whose** money was stolen from his pocket.
5. **When** shall we get rid of our debts?
6. One should do **his/her** duty.
7. **Where** will you take admission next year?
8. This is the boy **whom** all praise.
9. Virat Kohli is a famous cricketer **who** helped the team to win the match.
10. **Each** of the players was rewarded.

C. Fill in the blanks with suitable pronouns:

1. This house is **mine**.
2. Choose the shirt that is **yours**.
3. **These** are our cows.
4. I **myself** did my work.
5. She always washes her clothes **herself**.



Adjectives

Exercise for Practice

A. Pick out the adjectives from the following sentences and write their kinds against them :

Adjective	Kind
1. any	adjective of quantity
2. This	Demonstrative
3. Each	Distributive
4. Which	Interrogative
5. French	Proper
6. My	Possessive

B. Fill in the blanks with suitable adjectives selecting from the brackets :

1. Will you please lend me **some** rupees?
2. She has **little** milk in the bottle.
3. Delhi is **farther** from Jaipur than Alwar.
4. **Some** people are honest and hardworking.
5. **Few** of my city have Lamborghini car.
6. The **latest** news is that India became successful in landing the 'Vikram Lander' on the moon.
7. He came **later** than I.
8. Have you **any** pen in spare?

C. Change the coloured adjectives into pronouns, one has been done for you :

1. That is the boy with ₹2000 in his pocket.
2. Whose is this pen?

3. Which is the movie you saw yesterday?
4. These are the cows that are not hungry.
5. Which is the hill station you like to visit?



Verbs

Exercise for Practice

- A. Fill in the blanks with Modal auxiliaries will/shall in the following sentences :
1. He **will** not allow you to go now.
 2. She **will** go to school tomorrow.
 3. We **shall** go home.
 4. You **will** get a prize tomorrow.
 5. He **shall** leave for his home at once.
- B. Fill in the blanks with can, may, could, should, might in the following sentences:
1. I **could** lift this heavy beam.
 2. **Can** you bring me one cup tea?
 3. She **should** swim in deep water.
 4. **May** I take your mobile phone?
 5. It **might** rain tomorrow.
- C. Fill in the blanks with would, ought, need, dare, used to, must in the following sentences :
1. **Would** you like to pass me the jug of water?
 2. We **ought** to love our country.
 3. He **dare** not go there.
 4. We **used to** go to swim in the pool in our childhood.
 5. You **must** respect your teachers.

D. Fill in the blanks with suitable modal auxiliaries in the following sentences :

1. I **used to** swim across the river when I was young.
2. We **ought** to love our neighbours.
3. My sister is twelve. Next year he **would** be thirteen.
4. Her son **could** speak English when he was only six years old.
5. **Can** you hear what the teacher is saying?



Adverbs

Exercise for Practice

A. Fill in the blanks with suitable adverbs in the following sentences :

1. A fish **hardly** lives out of water.
2. Our army fought **bravely**.
3. **Surely** he will score more than 100 runs.
4. The sun **always** rises in the east.
5. The baby is weeping **loudly**.
6. The patient is **quiet** better now.
7. **Most** students took part in the event.
8. She liked the film **very** much.
9. He has **enough** money to support his family.
10. The **soon** he leaves the place, the better it is.
11. Who came **here** Hari, Neha or Prem?
12. Light travels **fast** than sound.

B. Select the suitable adverb selecting from the bracket and fill in the blanks in the following sentences :

1. She came **late** yesterday.
2. Indian army works **hard**.
3. Suman is the **most** beautiful girl of our city.
4. The tiger can run **faster** than a lion.
5. The patient was **more** shocked to see him blood report.
6. **Fortunately** the passengers escaped unhurt.
7. The teacher is **too** angry to be pleased.
8. Mother **always** goes to temple at 7 am.

C. Use the following pairs of adverbs in your own sentences :

1. Before : She left before sunrise.
Ago : Long ago there lived a brave king.
2. Much : Mr. Sharma don't have much savings.
Very much : Children like toys very much.
3. Late : Rita always reach office late.
Lately : I have not seen Kajal lately.



Prepositions

Exercise for Practice

A. Fill in the blanks with suitable Prepositions :

1. Jack and Jill went **upto** a hill.
2. The doctor has been diagnosing the patients **for** hours.
3. I am sorry **for** coming late.
4. She has been washing clothes **since** morning.
5. James Watt was born **of** poor parents.
6. She afraids **in** deep water.
7. He has been teaching his son **for** two years.
8. Moulders fell **from** the top of the hill.

9. My friend belongs **to** Bihar.

10. The patient died **in** corona.

B. Fill in the blanks with suitable preposition selecting from the brackets :

1. She is not eligible **for** this post.

2. Smoking is injurious **to** health.

3. My house is adjacent **to** the temple.

4. He has no liking **for** music.

5. He was seen **in** the room.

6. I always believe **in** God.

7. He recovered **from** his illness.

8. Ghee is made **from** milk.

9. Her face is familiar **to** her mother.

10. I am fond **of** music.



Conjunctions

Exercise for Practice

A. Choose out the conjunctions and state whether they are coordinating or subordinating conjunctions:

1. So — coordinating conjunction

2. lest—subordinating

3. how — coordinating

4. yet — coordinating

5. Although — coordinating

6. if — subordinating

7. unless— subordinating

B. Fill in the blanks with suitable conjunctions :

1. The drawing room is not only large **but** well decorated.
2. May I know **when** you came here?
3. I wanted to go **but** could not.
4. **Though** he was unwell, he went on working.
5. **As** we were students, the school fees was very low.
6. **Neither** you **nor** your brother was present in the class.
7. You must pay attention to your son **otherwise** he may be spoiled.
8. Himanshu is **both** intelligent **and** artistic.



Finite-Non Finite Verbs

Exercise for Practice

A. Pick out the finite and non-finite verbs :

- | | |
|---|-------------------|
| 1. We drink water to survive. | finite |
| 2. The police arrested the robbers. | finite |
| 3. It is not possible to count the stars. | finite |
| 4. Ruskin Bond wrote short stories for children. | finite |
| 5. Gardening is my hobby. | Non finite |
| 6. He is a handsome boy. | infinite |
| 7. We are enjoying swimming. | non-finite |
| 8. I have seen a wounded dog in the street. | finite |

B. Identify the gerund, participle and infinitive in the following sentences :

- | | |
|-------------|--------------|
| 1. somking | — Gerund |
| 2. to cross | — infinitive |
| 3. going | — Gerund |

- 4. playing — participle
- 5. to take — infinitive
- 6. crying — participle
- 7. broken — participle
- 8. having — Gerund

C. Combine the following sentences by using non-finites; gerund, participle and infinitive :

- 1. 1. It is very hot therefore we cannot go out.
- 2. It is your duty to respect your elders.
- 3. The dog who was barking went away.
- 4. Having his meal, he went to school.
- 5. I bought an accidental car.
- 6. Having killed the tiger, the hunter took the rest.
- 7. She found a purse that was torn.
- 8. Having written the letter, the boy posted it.
- 9. Having completed the answers, the student was very pleased.
- 10. The monkey is very clever therefore it cannot be caught.



The Present Tense

Exercise for Practice

A. Fill in the blanks with simple present tense form of the verb in the following sentences :

- 1. The girl always **plays** in the morning.
- 2. My father **take** his breakfast at 7:30 a.m.
- 3. Dogs **barks** at night.

4. The moon **shines** at night.
5. He never **tells** a lie.
6. I do not **go** to market daily.
7. The cow does not **eats** thorny plants.
8. Where do you **live** in Ghaziabad?
9. Which way **leads** to the Qutub Minar?
10. I never **abuse** anybody.

B. Fill in the blanks with Present Continuous, Present Perfect and Present Perfect Continuous tense forms of the verb in the following sentences :

1. She has **completed** her work before two hours.
2. She **has been living** here for five months.
3. The train **have been running** late for three hours.
4. Monika **is learning** singing.
5. Have I not **called** you twice?
6. The baby **is crying** loudly due to hunger.
7. I **have been teaching** in this school since 2018.
8. My father **is reading** the newspaper.
9. You **have waited** for me at the platform.
10. Is she **knitting** a sweater for me?

C. Correct the following sentences :

1. Mayank plays chess with Rinku.
2. Neeraj Chopra has won gold medal in the world championship for Javelin throw.
3. We are going on a picnic tomorrow.
4. She does not cook lunch for us.
5. Roshan has gone to school.
6. The bus leaves on time daily.
7. The players kick the ball strongly.

8. The earth moves around the earth daily.
9. They have been eating food for half an hour.
10. They have been practicing bowling since June 2023.



The Past Tense

Exercise for Practice

A. Rewrite the following sentences changing the verb into the past tense :

1. I was sure that she told a lie.
2. My white hen laid one egg daily.
3. Whenever my father went to market, he brought sweets for me.
4. I had not seen you before.
5. The patient had not been taking medicine for a day.
6. It had not been drizzling since morning.
7. Had you even seen the Taj Mahal before?
8. She was cooking pudding in the kitchen.

B. Fill in the blanks with correct past tense form of the verb in the following sentences :

1. I **was working** on the laptop when my friend **called** me.
2. We **completed** our social studies project.
3. My mother **had prepared** lunch before 1 p.m.
4. Girls **had been singing** songs of patriotism since morning.
5. The servant **was washing** dishes when the door bell rang.

C. Correct the following sentences :

1. We ate two chapaties and a plate of dal yesterday.
2. When I went home, my mother was waiting for me.
3. Mohan thought he was late.
4. Hari was swimming in the pool.
5. She was walking on the road when it started raining.
6. Children were laughing when they saw a joker.



The Future Tense

Exercise for Practice

A. Fill in the blanks with correct form of verb given in the bracket :

1. Has she **spoke** to her?
2. Mohan always **gets** up early in the morning.
3. You **have completed** your work. You can go home now.
4. Why **does** he make a noise in the class?
5. I **have been working** on this problem for two years.
6. He **made** a doll for his sister yesterday.
7. The child had been **playing** for 5 minutes.
8. Have you **spoken** the truth?

B. Change the following as directed :

1. I will be visiting the trade fair in Pragati Maidan.
2. My mother will have been cooking food for two hours.
3. The boy will be running in the field.
4. Sneha will have learnt her lesson for an hour.
5. Miss Kethibina will teach us grammar.
6. Will he be writing a letter?

7. The birthday party will have been going on upto 10 pm.
8. Mother will have cooked pudding for an hour.

C. Change the following sentences as directed :

1. The principal will not punish the bad boys.
2. Will he have been breaking his silence by tomorrow.
3. She will not be washing her clothes.
4. Shall I teach you Maths?
5. The school will not open on April first at 7:30 a.m.
6. Krishna will not be playing the flute.



Active and Passive Voice

Exercise for Practice

A. Change the following sentences into Passive Voice :

1. A deer is killed by the tiger daily.
2. Two chapatties are eaten by me in dinner.
3. Ours lunch is cooked by mother.
4. Fish is eaten all over the world.
5. Chandrayaan-3 was send to the moon by India in the month of July 2023.
6. I was annoyed by his behaviour.
7. You are advised not to smoke.
8. Lie is not told by me.
9. Pocket money is given to you by your mother.
10. You are ordered to switch on the light.
11. He is relied upon by ghosts.
12. Less weight is not by done by that shopkeeper.

13. You are requested to be helped me with food and money.
14. You are requested to let the work done by me.
15. You are requested to show the latest I-phone.

B. Change the following sentence into Active Voice :

1. The principal praised the player.
2. Somebody damaged my car.
3. Shah Jahan build the Taj Mahal.
4. My sister teach me English.
5. All the students not know him.
6. Had the gardener plucked the flowers?
7. Milk and sugar formed the sweet.
8. All over the world like fruits.
9. Let him go.
10. Arrest the thieves.



Direct and Indirect Speech

Exercise for Practice

A. Change the following into indirect speech :

1. Raina told me that Dr. Somnath is a scientist at ISRO.
2. Mother told her daughter that she loved her very much.
3. He told me that he is going to hostel tomorrow.
4. The teacher said that her son ring her the previous day.
5. Shiela said that India sent the Chandrayaan-3 to moon is Sept. 2023.
6. He said that he had not seen the Taj Mahal.
7. The poet said that the fog will be disappearing.

8. He told that he saw a white tiger in the forest.

B. Change the following into Indirect Speech :

1. Mohan asked do I know him and his name?
2. Hari asked him did he come to school the previous day.
3. Father asked me why I have not completed my home work.
4. Gabbar asked Kalia how many men were there.
5. The officer asked clerk why he will be on leave the next day.
6. The saint asked would I liked to be his disciple.
7. The beggar asked me if he might have some food.
8. The teacher asked the boy that when he will deposit his school fees.

C. Change the following into Indirect Speech :

1. The beggar requested to help him with money or food.
2. The inspector warned the robbers to surrender at once otherwise he will shoot them.
3. The passenger requested the booking clerk to issue him a ticket for Faridabad.
4. The captain ordered soldiers to study the map and march ahead as directed.
5. The saint advised listeners to have faith in God.
6. He advised me to work hard to get success.
7. The teacher scolded the students to stop talking and do their work.
8. The farmer advised that we should wait for the rain.
9. The doctor asked the nurse to inject the patient after an hour.
10. The boy asked his parents that we should plant more plants.

D. Change the following into Indirect Speech :

1. The man exclaimed with sorrow that it was a great calamity.
2. The players exclaimed with joy that they have won the match.
3. Vidyotma exclaimed with anger that Kalidas is a fool.
4. The hunter exclaimed with fear that his hounds are out of sight.
5. He wished that he would be the President of India.
6. The teacher exclaimed with fear that Rhino is an ugly animal.
7. Mother exclaimed with joy and congratulates her daughter.
8. The boy exclaimed with sorrow that he had passed in IIIrd division.



Subject-Verb Agreement

Exercise for Practice

A. Fill in the blanks with the correct verb :

1. The poet and the professor **have** been teaching for an hour.
2. This news **is** false.
3. It is Mayank who **is** to blame.
4. Mathematics **is** my favourite subject.
5. Fish and rice **is** a favourite food of the Bengalis.
6. All boys of my class **are** present today.
7. Neither Mohan nor Hari **is** lazy.
8. Two and two **is** four.

9. A black and white horse **were** grazing in the field.
10. Neither of these two students **had** scored well.

B. Correct the following sentences :

1. You do your work.
2. The magistrate and collector has come.
3. Bread and butter is my favourite food.
4. The referee as well as the players were present in the field.
5. Either Ravi or his sister has done this work.
6. Many boy were able to cross the river.
7. Economics is good subject.
8. Five and five makes ten.
9. We have fine trousers.
10. The news of his missing is false.



Phrases

Exercise for Practice

A. Complete the following with noun phrase, adjective phrase, adverb phrase and verb phrase :

1. The blue eyed girl **is beautiful**.
2. My mother said **in anger**.
3. Collecting stamps is **a good hobby**.
4. The farmers are **hard working**.
5. The **small** girls have taken part in the games.
6. Watering plants is **necessary**.
7. Kumar has studied **hard**.
8. Keep your purse **in a safe place**.

9. He was a stronger **man**.
10. **The king is** kind hearted man.
11. **Jewellery is** made of gold.
12. **Rajan is** from U.S.A.
13. I **can run** fast.
14. You **love** your parents.
15. He **has** a bunch of bananas.

B. Rewrite the following sentences by replacing the adverbs with adverb phrases :

1. He was not here at that moment.
2. The villagers live in the village with great joy.
3. My daughter speaks to everybody in a gentle way.
4. The thieves saw the police and ran in full speed.
5. Do it in a generous way.

C. Rewrite the following sentences by reporting the adjective with adjective phrases :

1. I purchased a chain made from gold from the jeweller's shop.
2. The author wrote a fascinating story.
3. She is a doctor with extensive knowledge.
4. Salim Ali was widely liked ornithologist.



Clauses

Exercise for Practice

A. Combine the following sentences by using a noun clause:

1. I cannot say this whether he may top the list of successful candidates.

2. Mother will come today is certain.
3. Do you rely on what father says?
4. Does she know the time when Rahim goes for a walk.
5. Have you heard what he said?
6. My teacher does not know who I was.
7. The Indian government is planning to buy new aircrafts from France.
8. Everybody knows non veg is a rich food.

B. Complete the following sentences by adding Noun Clause.

1. My father hopes that I will top the class.
2. Does he know who is Suresh?
3. Did Ravi thought of a better plan.
4. The news spread everywhere.
5. The police want to know about the culprit.

Exercise for Practice

A. Combine the following sentences by using Adjective clause :

1. The girl who stood first in class, is very wise.
2. I saw a beggar whose leg was broken.
3. We like boys who obey their parents.
4. Is this the computer which you wanted to buy?
5. The fox who ate the rabbit was very hungry.
6. I bought a knife that was very sharp.

B. Complete the following by using Adjective clause :

1. I know the man who was very creative.
2. The train is late which is going to Kolkata.
3. The robber made a mistake where he theft.
4. Is this the room which you like to rent.
5. Do you prefer having a hot cup of tea?

Exercise for Practice

Complete the following sentences by using Adverb clause :

1. Unless you complete the work, you cannot go home.
2. She could not go to school as she has fever.
3. If you work hard, you will get first division.
4. He is very dull so he can not get through the exam.
5. Uma is rich yet she is not arrogant.
6. Since your relative is in difficulty you should help him.



Synthesis of Sentences

Exercise for Practice

A. Combine the following pairs of sentences to make a simple sentence :

1. Having heard the news of his failure, he fainted.
2. I bought a pen for ten rupees.
3. The plane got late because the weather was stormy.
4. I found my servant absent when I reached home.
5. My brother's name is Asheesh.
6. I sent my son to Australia to be educated.

B. Combine the following pairs of sentences into complex sentence :

1. I met a man who appears to be a terrorist.
2. At what time you attended the meeting with your parents.
3. Everybody knows that he is an actor.
4. Ravi's sister is as intelligent as him.
5. Lucknow is not as big as Delhi.

6. The villagers could not trace the thieves who fled away somewhere.

C. Combine the following pairs of sentences into compound sentence :

1. He was canned and punished.
2. Neither she arrived nor she informed.
3. She is beautiful and talented.
4. Do not be a lender or borrower.
5. Neither he wept nor laughed.
6. I am going to Chennai and will stay there for a week.



Transformation of Sentences

Exercise for Practice

A. Change the following sentences into Negative :

1. She did not saw a scorpion in the garden.
2. Do not inform the police.
3. Her mother is not more clever than her.
4. Mussoorie is colder than Dehradun.
5. It is a false statement.
6. He is not rich enough to buy his bread.
7. No other can climb the high hill as Rohan.
8. No sooner did the son saw his father than he began to hid behind a tree.
9. I love him.
10. He failed in the NEET Exam.

B. Change the following sentences into Affirmative :

1. This road is so hilly to walk.

2. Your knife is as sharp as mine.
3. Rohan is the only intelligent boy in the class.
4. Antonio was in love with Portia.
5. As soon as we reached home, it began to rain.
6. Neeraj Chopra was the only one who got gold medal is Olympics 2020.

Exercise for Practice

A. Change the following into assertive sentence :

1. The students are in the class.
2. He has told the truth.
3. It is no use crying over spilt milk.
4. You rely on ghosts.
5. Everybody likes to live like a king.

B. Change the following into Interrogative sentence :

1. Is he a doctor?
2. Have a cup of tea?
3. How can we forget the sacrifice of Brave Abdul Hamid?
4. Can a lame man run?
5. Who does not know Mohd. Rafi, the playback singer?

C. Change the following into Exclamatory sentence :

1. What a grand building is the Taj Mahal!
2. What a kind hearted king Ashoka was!
3. Alas! He died in an accident.
4. Alas! She had failed in test.
5. Hurrah! We have got the shield.

D. Change the following into assertive sentence :

1. It is very sad that we are ruined.
2. It is joyful that it is our day.

3. A bee leads a very busy life.
4. It is a great statue.
5. I wish that I were a millionaire.

Exercise for Practice

Change the following as directed in the brackets :

1. He is too clever that he cannot be deceived.
2. He went to school with his bag.
3. He is poor yet he never left the path of honesty.
4. He should pay his debts so that his property is not auctioned.
5. They fled away after seeing the lion.

Exercise for Practice

A. Change the following as directed in the brackets :

1. I am aware that you are a doctor.
2. Unless you pay the bill, you must return the laptop./Either you pay the bill or return the laptop.
3. He is poor but he is honest.
4. I like the people who are laborious.
5. No one will harm you till you are alert.
6. Unless you help him, he cannot win the election.

B. Change the following sentences into complex sentences :

1. You may go wherever you want.
2. It seems that she is clever.
3. He is a doctor who is of serious nature.
4. Their gifts are too expensive.
5. We eat food so that we may survive.



The Punctuation

Exercise for Practice

A. Put (.), (?) and (!) wherever necessary :

1. I passed VIIth class last year.
2. Where do you live in Agra?
3. Would I were a millionaire?
4. Is she waiting for me at the station?
5. He said to me, whether he would help me?

Exercise for Practice

Punctuate the following :

1. The name of emperor Ashoka will remain alive in the history of India. He ruled nearly all over India. He was very intelligent, brave and chivalrous king. The Kalinga war opened his eyes. A large number of soldiers were killed in this war. The number of wounded soldiers was even greater than this. Ashoka was very sad, He vowed that he would never wage a war in future. Now Ashoka became the follower of Buddhism. He devoted his whole life to make people happy. In the history of India he is known as-'Ashoka, the great'.
2. Bodhgaya, is a famous pilgrimage of Bihar. It is situated at a distance of ten kilometres from the city. There is a big temple with a big image of Gautam Budha. This temple is located in the centre of an open ground. There is a huge tree near the temple. Under this tree Budha got enlightenment. This is why people consider it to be

holy. People from far off countries come to offer worship every year.

3. Do yourself.



Simple, Complex and Compound Sentence

Exercise for Practice

Combine the pairs of following simple sentences to make a simple sentence:

1. Having seen the robber she ran away.
2. To reach the post office turn to your right.
3. The thief being beaten by police, fainted.
4. Hari was not willing to go out as his clothes were torn.
5. She went outside with her mother.
6. The people saw the ship burning.
7. The passengers saw that the ship was burning.
8. A hawker walking on the street was bitten by dog.
9. While the ship anchored, we landed on the shore.
10. Having my bag. I went to school.

Combine the following pairs of simple sentences into one simple sentence:

1. I went to the hospital to visit my sick uncle.
2. It will be good for health to walk in open air.
3. Mother asked me to take the breakfast.
4. He wants to sell his car.
5. They went to Mumbai to see the Gateway of India.
6. You have enough wheat to sell.

7. I was much pleased to hear about the success in NEET of your son.
8. She wanted to buy a saree.

Exercise for Practice

Combine the following pairs of sentences into complex sentence:

1. I don't know where the leopard was hidden.
2. I am worried as my daughter did not return from school.
3. It is not certain whether he will return.
4. I bought a watch which is very cheap.
5. Do you know the reason why she failed in test.
6. Although I have no bicycle, I will reach school in time.
7. Ramesh ate much therefore he fell ill.
8. I saw the place where Qutub-ud-din built the Adhai din ka Jhopra.
9. No other chair is better than this one.
10. She worked hard so that she might not fail.

Exercise for Practice

Combine the following pairs of sentences into one compound sentence:

1. As the sun rose we went to our fields.
2. Hari is wise as well as gentle.
3. She was ill so she could not take part in the games.
4. Rinku is fat as well as short.
5. Flies spread cholera so we should not allow them to sit on food stuffs.
6. He is knave so nobody likes him.
7. As the sun rose the fog disappeared.
8. He came to my mother who is the principal of college.

9. Good people work but bad people waste time.
10. The girl is suffering from fever yet she is happy.



Notice Writing

Exercise for Practice

Write notices on the following :

1. S.P. School, Ghaziabad

Date : _____

Notice

Intra-School Debate Competition

Our school is going to organize a debate competition on the topic 'Save Environment' for the students of class VI-Xth on 20th August. Students willing to participate should submit their names to the class teacher.

Nishant Sharma

(School captain)

2. Do yourself.

3. Important notice

Date : _____

I Anurag Rawat, class VIII B, lost my purse in the library on Monday. The purse is of brown colour and my identify proof was also kept in it. If you find the same, kindly submit it to me. I shall be highly obliged.

Anurag Rawat

Class VIIIB

4. Sagar Travel Agency, Delhi

Date : _____

Exotic Travel Packages

Plan your holidays with family for exciting places in India. Tour Packages available with hotel stay and pick and drop facility at reasonable prices.

For Booking contact at _____.

Sagar Malhotra

Manager

(Sagar Travel Agency)



Speech

Exercise for Practice

1. A lot of us consider media as a great source of entertainment, where we get access to details about movies, TV shows, and entertainment channels, offering content across various genres to cater to diverse tastes and preferences. How news is presented to us by media greatly affects our opinion and looking at a person or thing. Media platforms contribute to the formation of societal views and attitudes through news coverage, editorials and commentary. Media can promote advertising business and global partnerships, expose us to hidden meanings on a topic, provide us with alternative sources of information, etc. However, there are some negative aspects also. As students, we are all like a blank canvas, easily dyed into any colour. Fake news and false information given by the media can significantly affect our intelligence and ways of thinking.
2. Do yourself.
3. Do yourself.

4. A very warm welcome to all the teachers and students present in the auditorium. I am here to deliver a speech on child labour. Child labour has been the most important concern in the world because it affects the children both mentally and physically. It also destroys the future of children. The Child labour act, 1986 defines a child as a person who has not completed the age of 14 years. Child labour is the practice of engaging the children in economic activity, on a part or full-time basis. Every child is considered as a gift of god it must be nurtured with care and affection with the family and society but due to the social-economic problems children will be forced to work in industries, leather factories, hotels, and a self-service restaurant. Here are many causes of child labour i.e. poverty, debts, professional needs, etc. In developing countries, poverty is one of the major problems and the children were considered as helping hand to feed their families. If they don't work they will die of poverty and hunger. Because of poverty, illiteracy and unemployment parents are unable to send them to schools. So that the poor parents send their children to work at lower wages. So first we will try to eliminate the poverty of society.
5. A very warm good morning to everyone present here. Today, I stand before you to present my speech on Role of Media. If we search on the internet about what roles media plays, it will highlight three primary roles; inform, educate, and entertain. However, the role of media is not limited to these three roles. Media significantly influences our thoughts and beliefs about a particular topic. Media has social and cultural impacts on individuals and society as a whole. If we read newspapers or watch news media, we get exposure to different geopolitical situations, international events and developments, etc. But how the media portrays these details plays an important role in how we pursue them. As students,

we all use media for information and educational content. There are newspapers, magazines, online websites, etc. which provide us with important details about cultural and public events, global and political affairs, expert opinions, geopolitical developments, scientific discoveries, sporting events, etc.



Story Writing

Exercise for Practice

Complete the stories with the hints given here under:

1. Once there lived a fox and a crane. They become friends. Fox was cunning but the crane was innocent. One day the fox invited the crane for dinner. The crane was happy. When she reached fox's house, fox served the soup in two plates. As the plate was flat crane could not drink the soup because of her long beak and fox finished lapping up the soup. The crane have to come back home hungry. After sometime crane invited fox to her house for dinner. When fox arrived, the crane served fish in bottle. The bottle has a long narrow neck. The fox could neither lap in the bottle nor eat the fish. The crane had taken revenge for fox's earlier behaviour. The fox felt ashamed and went away.

Moral : Tit for Tat.

2. Do yourself.
3. Do yourself.



Letter and Application Writing

Exercise for Practice

1. 84, Defence Enclave

Dehradun

08, October, 20xx

My dear Uncle

I pay my thanks to you from my heart for sending a sports cycle on my birthday. It is very kind of you to have remembered my birthday. You are a retired person and living very far away from us, yet you showed your real love and affection for me.

In the evening I shall run cycle in the park which gives me pleasure and exercise to maintain my health.

Thanking you

Yours affectionately

Gagan

2. 88, Pragati Nagar,

Lucknow

28 October, 202x

Dear father,

I am quite well here and always pray to God for the welfare of all the members of my family. I am doing progress day-by-day at my studies.

I am fully satisfied with my hostel life. All hostellers are cordial to me. I feel here just like home. Now I want to say to you that an educational tour is intended to go in the next month to the Uttarakhand please permit me to join it and so

I request you to send me ₹3000 by RTGS. I have proposed my name to join the tour programme.

Wish best regards

Yours loving son

Karan VIII-B

3. A-Block

2nd Floor

Shanti Niketan

Delhi-110056

4th August 2023

Dear Sakshi,

I hope you and your family are in good health. I am writing this letter to tell you that my birthday is approaching on the 8th of August. And since it has been so long that all of us haven't met, I have thought of organising a get-together of all our friends at my house at around 5:00 pm. We will play several games, sing songs, dance and enjoy the evening. After that, dinner will also be served to all. You are cordially invited to the same. I look forward to meeting you. Give love to your little sister from my side and give my regards to your parents.

since

Love,

Kavita

4. Do yourself.

5. To,

The Superintendent of Police,

Meerut

Dear Sir/Madam,

I am writing to express grave concern regarding the alarming rise in chain snatching incidents occurring across various localities within Meerut in recent months. This has created a significant sense of fear and insecurity among the residents, particularly among women and senior citizens.

Several reports have surfaced detailing incidents where individuals have been targeted by criminals on motorcycles or on foot, with valuable gold chains snatched away in broad daylight, often in crowded areas.

We request your immediate attention to this matter and look forward to a prompt response regarding the steps being taken to address the increasing chain snatching incidents.

Sincerely,

[Your Name]

[Contact Details]

[Address]

6. Do yourself.

7. To

The Chairman

Water Supply Board

Meerut

Dear Sir/Madam,

We, the residents of [Your Locality], are writing to express our serious concern about the ongoing water scarcity in our area. We are facing a severe water shortage, making it difficult to [List the consequences – e.g., meet basic needs, maintain hygiene]. to address this critical issue and ensure a sufficient water supply for our community.

We are open to discussing possible solutions, such as repair of leaks and exploring alternative water sources.

We request that you to take immediate action.

Sincerely,
[Your Signature]



Paragraph Writing

Exercise for Practice

Write a paragraph on the following :

1. Union is Strength :

We know the old story of the bundle of sticks. The old man's sons could not break the sticks tied together in a bundle. But they broke each stick. When separated, quite easily. Thus, the old man taught them to be united. If they lived together united they would be strong. If they quarrelled among themselves they would be weak. This lesson was union is strength. To be strong a football or a hockey team must learn team spirit. If each member plays his own game. He will lose the match. Napoleon divided the friendly countries. Then he attacked them one by one. So a united nation a united family. a united team is strong. United we stand divided we fall.

2. Do yourself.

3. Do yourself.

4. Do yourself.

5. Science: A Boon or a Curse

The word science literally means knowledge. The modern age is an age of science. Science is the greatest boon to the modern world. Modern discoveries and inventions have increased human comforts and happiness. The first thing that man learnt to do was to Conquer Nature. He can now

sail the vast oceans fly in the air travel underground and do a lot more things. Inventions like the telephone mobile computer etc. have changed mans forever. There have been inventions and discoveries in all aspects of life. Science has worked greater miracles in the field of health and medicine. Science has been the greatest weapon in Mans battle against diseases of various kinds. Technology is on a rise everyday. Each new day brings better technology with it. So we can say that science is a boon to human life.

6. Chandrayaan-3

Chandrayaan-3 is India's third lunar mission, launched by ISRO on July 14, 2023. It aimed to land on the Moon's south pole, a challenging and unexplored region. The mission included a lander named Vikram and a rover named Pragyan. On August 23, 2023, it successfully achieved a soft landing, making India the first country to reach the south pole and the fourth to land on the Moon. Chandrayaan-3's goal was to study the lunar surface, including its minerals and water presence. This historic achievement showcases India's growing space technology and inspires millions of young minds to dream big.

7. Do yourself.

8. No gains without pains

No Pains no Gains: The dictum implies that one can't attain phenomenal success without making sincere efforts. There is no substitute to hard work. There is no short cut to success. All successful persons have emphasised the importance of hard work in life. Nobody achieved greatness overnight. The secret of their success was hard and systematic work. Destiny never obliges the shirkers. God helps those who help themselves. Rome was not built in a day. Man must comprehend the significance of doing hard labour. One must burn the midnight oil to succeed in this world of intense

competition. Never forget that rest is rust and work is worship. A person who toils and work hard gets applause and recognition everywhere. Hard work is the only key to success. Those who work hard flourish and those who are passive ruin their earthly existence. They lose their identity. Industrious people reach at their long cherished destinations. They lead their fellow human beings with politeness and humility.

9. Do yourself.

10. Do yourself.



Comprehension

Exercise for Practice

1. 1. Shakespeare was born on 23 April 1564.
2. The theme of Shakespeare novel is human behaviour : men and women, princes and peasants.
3. Macbeth Hamleth, Othelo The comedy of Errors, Twelfth night.
4. Shakespeare did not have any formal schooling.
(i) informal (ii) blemish
2. 1. Vidyasagar was a very generous and charitable man.
2. He offer food to other poor students and if any student fell ill he sit by his bed and nurse him.
3. He support widows and orphans with money when he become rich.
4. He never like to have porter at his gate because if some poor man wished to see him he could meet him.

5. (i) generous
(ii) Charitable
3. 1. Changes in social conditions brought the change in the institution of family.
2. Production is now undertaken by industrial and commercial institutions therefore family is no longer a unit of production.
3. Today children spend more time in schools rather than family. They are dependent on rather than family. They are not regarded as an asset.
4. The role of women in the past was limited to home. They had to take care of house, and family members. They are busy with household chores.
5. Men and women in modern times together share the responsibilities of child care, education and earning a livelihood.
4. 1. When the tiger become old and is not enough capable of catching its prey. Necessity of food compels it to kill human beings.
2. Muktesar man eater lost an eye in an encounter with porcupine. She got some fifty quills of different lengths embedded in the arm and under her right foreleg pad.
3. The woman who came to cut the grass was the first prey of the tigress.
4. A tiger on a fresh kill, or a wounded tiger or tigress with small cubs does not kill human beings.
5. (i) injury
(ii) dependent



Article/Essay Writing

Exercise for Practice

* Write an essay on the following topics :

1. A visit to a Mall

A visit to the mall is always an exciting adventure, especially for a young person like me, where you can find everything from the latest fashion trends to delicious food all under one roof. Last weekend, my family and I decided to spend an afternoon at the nearby "City Mall," and it was a day filled with browsing, shopping, and fun.

As we entered the mall, the first thing that caught my eye was the vibrant atmosphere. The bright lights, the cheerful music playing in the background, and the bustling crowd of shoppers created a lively energy. We started our exploration by heading to the clothing section, where I eagerly checked out the latest collections at my favorite stores.

The highlight of our mall visit was definitely the food court. Towards the end of our visit, we also explored the toy store, where I spent a good amount of time looking at the latest action figures and board games. Although I didn't buy anything this time, I made a mental note of a few items I would love to get for my birthday.

A day at the mall is not just about shopping; it's a chance to spend quality time with family, explore new things, and enjoy the lively atmosphere. As we left the mall, I was already looking forward to our next visit, where I

could discover even more exciting finds and experiences.

2. Do yourself.

3. Do yourself.

4. **Pollution and its Remedies**

Pollution is a pressing environmental issue affecting our planet. It occurs when harmful substances contaminate the air, water, or soil. The primary sources of pollution include industrial activities, vehicle emissions, improper waste disposal, and deforestation. Air pollution, caused by the release of pollutants into the atmosphere, leads to respiratory problems and climate change. Water pollution, resulting from the discharge of chemicals and waste into water bodies, poses a threat to aquatic life and human health.

Soil pollution occurs when pollutants, such as pesticides and industrial waste, degrade the quality of soil, impacting plant growth and food safety. Noise pollution, caused by excessive noise from various sources, can lead to stress and hearing loss. Light pollution disrupts natural ecosystems and affects wildlife behavior. To address pollution, individuals must adopt sustainable practices, industries must implement cleaner technologies, and governments must enforce stringent environmental regulations.

5. Do yourself.

6. **Importance of Newspaper**

Now-a-days the newspaper has been a necessity of the life. It is available in the market in almost all languages. A newspaper is a publication of the news which gets printed on the paper and distributed to everyone at their home. Different countries have their own news

publication agencies. Newspaper gives us all about what is happening in our own country as well as whole world. We let us know exact information related to the topic of sports, politics, religion, society, economy, film industries, movies, food, employment etc.

Earlier, newspapers were published with only news details however, currently it contains news and views about various subject almost everything. Various newspaper in market costs differently according to their news details and popularity in the area. The newspapers having current daily affairs are printed daily however of them gets printed twice a week, once a week or once a month.

Newspapers serve more than one purposes according to the need and requirement of the people. Newspapers are very effective and powerful give all information at one place from all over the world. In comparison to the information it gives, it costs very less. It keeps us well informed about all the happenings in our surrounding.

7. A Trip of the Hills

During my summer vacation, I along with my four friends arranged a very pleasant trip. We decided to visit Dehradun, Mussoorei and Nainital which are famous hill stations of India.

Although Dehradun is located in the valley and is hot like our plains but we visited a picnic spot known as Sheshtradhara, 16 km away from Dehradun, the most popular tourist destination of Uttrakhand. The place has beautiful scenery where water drips from the lime stone and make sulphur springs in which tourists take dip and cure their skin diseases.

From there, we reached Mussoorei which is about 34 km away from Dehradun. It is a very famous hill station in the foot hills of the Garhwal Himalayas range. We visited the Lal Tibba, Camels back road, Dhanaulti and Bhutani Baazar on the Mall Road. Dhanaulti offers panoramic views of the lofty Himalayas. On the road which leads to Kempty Falls we visited the Company Garden famous for various flowers and plants. From there we reached the Kempty Falls we visited the Company Garden famous for various flowers and plants. From there we reached the Kempty Falls where water was falling from 1,364 feet height. We took bath under it and felt refresh. We stayed in a hotel and passed the night in a sound sleep.

Next morning we started for Nainital and after some hours travelling our team in Nainital. Beautiful Naini Lake was surrounded by hills. The rows of the green trees present a picturesque look tourists gather here for the evening chat. We took boat riding and enjoyed most. We visited the Tiffin Top and saw snow covered tops of the Himalayas with naked eyes and Nainital Zoo. The Naina Devi Temple, the Mall Road, the Eco cave gardens etc. were also seen by us. It was an exciting trip of my life which gave me fun and pleasure.

8. Do yourself.

9. Do yourself.

10. Morning walk

It has been said that the health is wealth. It should be preserved at every cost.

We take various exercises but I like walking. It is the best exercise of all. It covers the movement of the whole body. We should get up early in the morning and go for

a walk before the sunrise. Morning walk can be done in open fields, spaces, parks, broad roads and gardens.

It is very useful for health. We inhale fresh air containing large amount of oxygen and release foul gases in the atmosphere. We feel ourselves refresh and make us healthy. Besides it this exercise makes our knees and shoulders moveable and we avoid toughness in them. Our whole body moves when we walk. In the early morning calm and quiet atmosphere provide us peaceful environment. Chirping of birds in the trees make us happy.

Most of us are in tension because our life is very busy. We do all work by machines. We do not walk on foot to do our works. Modern living does not provide us any physical movement. So we need an exercise which may keep ourselves fit whole day and that is morning walk.

We should walk briskly at least for half an hour daily in the early morning.